

Math 3280 Assignment 9, due Friday, April 11th.

- (1) Find the steady-state solution of the forced, damped oscillator  $x'' + x'/4 + 2x = 2 \cos(wt)$  if  $x(0) = 0$  and  $x'(0) = 4$ . Sketch the overall amplitude of the steady-state solution as a function of  $w$ .
- (2) Rewrite the second-order differential equation  $x'' + 3x' + 5x = t$  as a system of first-order differential equations. (You do not have to find the solution.)

Find the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of the following matrices:

(3)  $\begin{pmatrix} 4 & -2 \\ 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(4)  $\begin{pmatrix} 5 & -6 \\ 3 & -4 \end{pmatrix}$

(5)  $\begin{pmatrix} 2 & 0 & 0 \\ 5 & 3 & -2 \\ 2 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(6)  $\begin{pmatrix} 3 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(7)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

(8)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$

Find a matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP = D$ , where  $D$  is a diagonal matrix, for the following matrices if such a  $P$  exists.

(9)  $\begin{pmatrix} 0 & 1 & 0 \\ -1 & 2 & 0 \\ -1 & 1 & 1 \end{pmatrix}$

(10)  $\begin{pmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 1 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 2 \end{pmatrix}$

- (11) Show that if  $A$  is invertible and  $\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of  $A$ , then  $1/\lambda$  is an eigenvalue of  $A^{-1}$ . Are the eigenvectors the same?
- (12) By computing the eigenvalues and eigenvectors of  $A = \begin{pmatrix} 3 & -2 \\ 1 & 0 \end{pmatrix}$  find a matrix  $P$  such that  $P^{-1}AP = D$  where  $D$  is a diagonal matrix. Use this diagonalization to compute  $A^6$ .