

Math 3280 Assignment 12, due Wednesday, April 26th.

This assignment covers material from chapter 9.

- (1) Compute the equilibria of the following nonlinear differential equations, and use that information to match each equation with a trajectory plot from the following page. It may be helpful to compute the eigenvalues at the equilibria.
  - (a)  $x' = x - y$ ,  $y' = x + 3y - 4$ .
  - (b)  $x' = 2x - y$ ,  $y' = x - 3y$ .
  - (c)  $x' = 2\sin(x) + \sin(y)$ ,  $y' = \sin(x) + 2\sin(y)$ .
  - (d)  $x' = x - 2y$ ,  $y' = -x^3 + 4x$ .
  - (e)  $x' = 1 - y^2$ ,  $y' = x + 2y$ .
  - (f)  $x' = x - 2y + 3$ ,  $y' = x - y + 2$ .
- (2) Find the unique equilibrium of the system  $x' = x - y$ ,  $y' = 5x - 3y - 2$ . Compute the eigenvalues of its linearization to determine the stability of the equilibrium (see Theorem 2 in section 9.2).
- (3) Find the equilibria and the eigenvalues of their linearizations for the system  $x' = 2x - y - x^2$ ,  $y' = x - 2y + y^2$ .
- (4) In 1958, Tsuneji Rikitake formulated a simple model of the Earth's magnetic core to explain the oscillations in the polarity of the magnetic field. The equations for his model are:

$$\begin{aligned}x' &= -\mu x + yz \\y' &= -\mu y + (z - a)x \\z' &= 1 - xy\end{aligned}$$

where  $a$  and  $\mu$  are positive constants. Find the equilibria for this system for  $a = \mu = 1$ , and determine the stability of the linearized system at those equilibria. It is OK to use a computer algebra system such as Sage to compute the eigenvalues of the linearized systems.

