

Math 3298 Worksheet 21: Stokes' Theorem

$$\int \int_S (\nabla \times \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{n} \, dS = \oint_{\partial S} \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

Group members (1 to 3): \_\_\_\_\_

(1) Compute the flux of the curl of the vector field

$$\vec{F} = (xyz - xy - yz, -x^2z + y^2z + x^2 + xz, z)$$

through the surface  $z = x^2 + y^2$ ,  $z \in [0, 1]$ , with upward pointing normal. The implications of Stokes' theorem are very important in making this a tractable problem.