## Chemistry 2542, Summer Session Sample Final Exam

This exam has 6 problems (200 pts) on 8 pages. Make sure your copy is complete and correct.
Printed Name (Last First)

Your final grades will be available this afternoon

Good Luck!

## Chemistry 2542 Final Exam

This exam has 6 problems on 8 pages. Make sure your copy is complete and correct.

Printed Name (Last,	First)		
Scores:			
1			
2			
3			
4			
5			
6			
Total:	_		

**1. (45)** Using **curved arrows** and showing the structure of the **intermediates**, write **mechanisms** that account for the products in the following reactions:

(a) 15 pts 
$$CH_3OH, H_2SO_4$$
  $OH_3OCH_3$ 

(b) 15 pts 
$$Ph-C$$
OCH<sub>3</sub>

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$$Ph-C$$
OCH<sub>3</sub>

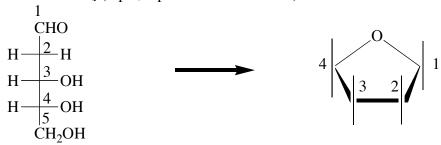
NaOH,  $H_2O$ 
 $Ph-C$ 
OC  $Na^+$ 
+ CH<sub>3</sub>OH

$$Ph-C$$
 $O^{-}Na^{+}$ 
+ CH<sub>3</sub>OH

(c) 15 pts

$$N(CH_3)_3$$
 OH  $heat$  +  $N(CH_3)_3$  +  $H_2O$ 

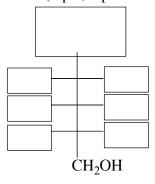
**2**. (15) (a) Finish drawing of the Haworth projection formula of 2-Deoxy-D-ribose in the form of  $\beta$ -**D-furanose** ( $\beta$ -2-Deoxy-D-ribofuranose). [make sure to place **all** missing -**H** and -**OH** groups at the end of each bond!] (8 pts; 2 pts each carbon atom)



 $\beta$ -2-Deoxy-D-ribose

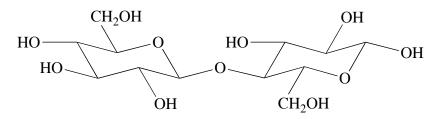
β-2-Deoxy-D-ribofuranose

(b) Finish drawing of Fischer projection of 2-Deoxy-L-ribose (7 pts; 1 pt each box):



2-Deoxy-L-ribose

**3.** (9) The structure shown below is cellobiose, the product of the hydrolysis of cellulose:



(a) (5) Using an arrow symbol (--->) show the **glycosidic** linkage in this disaccharide. What type of glycosidic linkage is it?

Answer\_\_\_\_\_

**(b)** (4) Is cellobiose a **reducing** sugar or not?

Answer\_\_\_\_

**4**. (52) Complete the following equations by drawing structures of the **major** product(s) expected in each reaction (4 pts each).

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
 & CH_3I \text{ (excess)} & Ag_2O \\
\hline
 & H_2O, \text{ heat}
\end{array}$$

O OH 
$$\frac{1. \text{ NaBH}_4}{2. \text{ H}_2\text{O}, \text{H}_2\text{SO}_4}$$

$$\bigcirc O + \bigcirc NH_2 \longrightarrow$$

$$\begin{array}{c|c}
O & 1. \text{ LiAlH}_4 & 2. \text{ H}_2\text{O} \\
\hline
\text{ether} & \end{array}$$

$$O_2N$$
  $NH_2$   $1) NaNO_2, HCl$   $2) H_3PO_2$   $NO_2$   $NO_2$ 

$$CH_3CH_2$$
 OH  $\frac{Br_2 (2 \text{ mol})}{dark}$ 

5. (39) Give the reagents on the arrow that can be used to convert the reactant to the indicated product in high yield (3 pts each reagent).

$$CH_3$$
  $CO_2H$ 

$$H_3C-C-CH_3$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $CH_3)_3COH$ 

$$H_3C-C$$
OH
$$H_3C-C$$
NHCH<sub>3</sub>

$$H_3C$$
  $\longrightarrow$   $H_3C$   $\longrightarrow$   $H_3C$ 

$$Ph$$
 $CH_2NH_2$ 

- **6**. (40, 5 pts each) For each of the following questions (a)-(h) **circle** the item that is the correct answer.
- (a) Which of the following compounds has the highest acidity?

water phenol ammonia ethanol benzene ethylamine sodium benzoate aniline

(b) Which of the following compounds is the strongest base?

aniline methanol o-ethylphenol phenol p-ethylaniline methylamine

(c) Which one of the following compounds is the most reactive in the Electrophilic Aromatic Substitution reaction?

aniline 1,3,5-trinitrobenzene benzoic acid bromobenzene chlorobenzene benzene

(d) Which one of the following compounds has the **highest** reactivity in the **nucleophilic acyl** substitution?

benzamide ethyl acetate acetamide N-methyl formamide succinimide benzoyl bromide

(e) Which one of the following species is aromatic?

cyclopropene cyclobutadiene cyclopentadiene cyclopentadienyl cation cyclohexadiene cycloheptatriene cycloheptatrienyl anion cyclopropenyl anion cyclooctatetraene cyclohexene cyclopentene ethylene acetylene cyclopentadienyl anion

(f) Which one of the following compounds has the **highest boiling point**?

ethane methyl acetate propanoic acid acetyl chloride 1-butyne propanone butane

**(g)** How many **stereoisomers** (including enantiomers) has a molecule of *aldohexose* in the *pyranose* form?

one two three four five six seven eight nine ten sixteen thirty two sixty four

(h) Which of the following compounds will have the *characteristic* **IR** peak at about 1700 cm<sup>-1</sup> and four signals in the <sup>1</sup>**H NMR** spectrum?