First

The News

and a little chocolately background



The MPs' report said: "We conclude that Kraft acted both irresponsibly

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biscuit, cereal, ice-cream and confectionery industries. It can also now produce





Chocolate (including cocoa)

Chocolate \Choc"o*late\, noun. [Spanish expression, from the Mexican name of the cacao. Compare to Cacao, Cocoa.] --Webster's Online Dictionary





Scientists believe the first cacao beverages were sipped from vessels like this one, which was found in northern Honduras.

New analyses of similar pottery fragments suggest people have been enjoying chocolate for more than 3,000 years—about 500 years earlier than previously believed









Aztec statuary of a male figure holding a cacao pod

Wikipedia



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Chocolate Origins Traced to Beer Makers 3,000 Years Ago

Willie Drye for National Geographic News November 12, 2007

People have been enjoying chocolate for more than 3,000 years—about 500 years earlier than previously believed, according to a new study.

Researchers also think that chocolate was discovered by accident—when Central American Indians making beer from the pulp of cacao seedpods found a new use for a byproduct of that process.

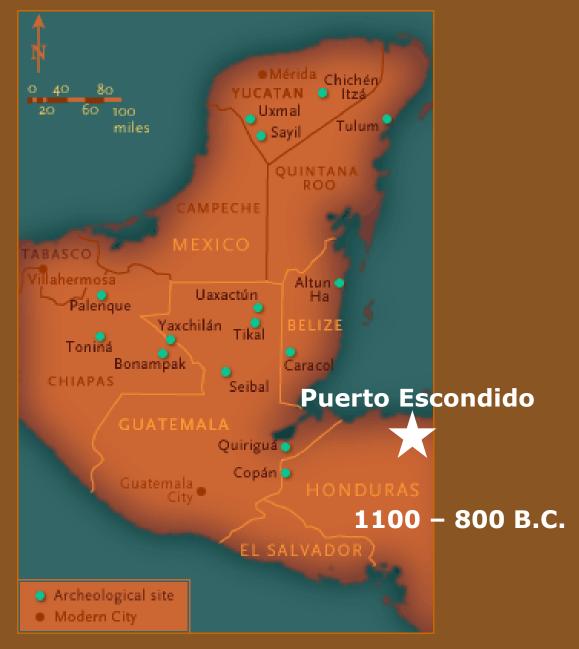


Enlarge Photo

The new findings about chocolate's origins were gleaned from traces of cacao found on pottery fragments dating from about 1100 B.C. to 800 B.C.

The fragments were uncovered between 1995 and 2000 at archaeological excavations near Puerto Escondido in Honduras.

From Beer to Chocolate



www.pbs.org/wgbh/nova/maya/worl_sans1.html#map

First Chocoholics in U.S. Found in New Mexico?

Brian Handwerk for National Geographic News February 2, 2009

Chocolate lovers are a dedicated bunch.

Hershey's sales and profits rose even in the brutal final quarter of 2008, and a thousand years ago ancient Americans may have walked hundreds of miles to procure the bittersweet stuff, a new study suggests.



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Chemical residues found on pottery jar shards reveal that the practice of drinking chocolate had spread at least as far north as Chaco Canyon (map) in northern New Mexico by A.D. 1000 to 1125—400 years earlier than chocolate was thought to have reached what is now the United States.

The discovery suggests a vast trade network helped deliver chocolate from Central America, where the seeds of the cacao tree were first transformed into beverages some 3,000 years ago.



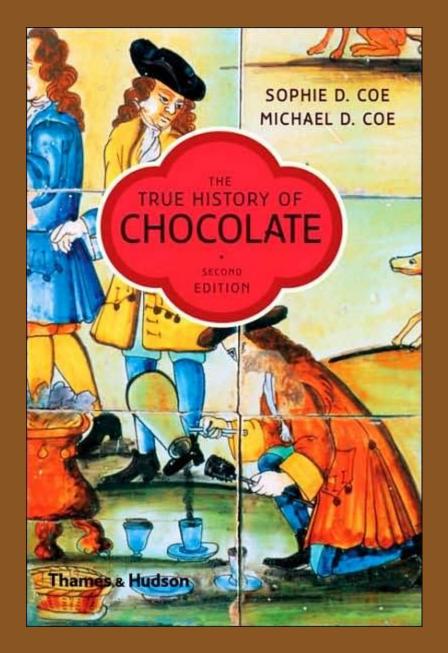


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Cadbury Dairy Milk goes Fairtrade

The UK's best-selling chocolate bar is set to become Fairtrade certified, increasing the amount of Fairtrade cocoa sourced from West Africa.

Cadbury's Dairy Milk will make the move - tripling the amount of Fairtrade cocoa sourced from Ghana to about 15,000 tonnes a year - in the summer.

The total annual cocoa production of Ghana is more than 600,000 tonnes.



Cadbury is investing £45m over 10 years in sustainable cocoa

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'Chocolate tax' to tackle obesity



A Scottish doctor calls for a tax on chocolate in a bid to tackle obesity'

A Scottish GP has called for chocolate to be taxed in the same way as alcohol and cigarettes to tackle increasing levels of obesity and type 2 diabetes.

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GPs vote against 'chocolate tax'



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Chocolate 'may cut diabetes risk'

Scientists are to investigate whether eating chocolate can reduce the risk of heart disease in women with diabetes.

Volunteers - postmenopausal women with type 2 diabetes - will be asked to eat a bar of chocolate a day for a year.

Cocoa is rich in compounds called flavonoids, which are thought to benefit the heart.



The key ingredient is flavonoids

The University of East Anglia is using a specially formulated form of chocolate which contains more flavonoids than usual.

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Page last updated at 17:39 GMT, Thursday, 12 March 2009





'Savour the real chocolate flavour'

A Scottish GP has called for a tax on products containing chocolate to help fight rising obesity levels in the UK.

The BBC News website's Laura Pettigrew has been speaking to one chocolate shop owner, and self-confessed chocolate lover, who is strongly opposed to the idea.

"Good chocolate is fine in moderation", said Marion Dougan.

She is the owner of Cacao chocolate shop in Milngavie, near Glasgow.

She set up the business two years ago after moving back to Scotland from the continent.

"I used to live in Italy and I saw shop chocolate shops doing really

well there," she said. "But they were not selling the confectionary and sweeties that we in the UK call 'chocolate' they were selling



Marion sells chocolates and truffles in her shop near Glasgow

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She set up the business two years ago after moving back to Scotland from the continent.



Marion sells chocolates and truffles in her shop near Glasgow

"I used to live in Italy and I saw shop chocolate shops doing really

well there," she said. "But they were not selling the confectionary and sweeties that we in the UK call 'chocolate' they were selling good quality stuff.

"Good quality chocolate is fantastic. It has real flavour, it melts in the mouth, and the taste of just one small square will linger for ages afterwards.

She added: "When I hear Dr Walker talking about the "empty calories" in chocolate I have to disagree. If you eat proper chocolate and really savour the flavour then a small amount goes a long way and does satisfy you."

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FDF defends industry against fat tax for chocolate

By Sarah Hills, 12-Mar-2009

Related topics: Legislation, Chocolate and confectionery ingredients

As the prospect of a fat tax on unhealthy food is raised once more, the Food and Drink Federation (FDF) has spoken out on behalf of the industry against calls for a tax on chocolate.

Scottish GP, food scientist and nutritionist, Dr David Walker has spoken out to say chocolate should be taxed in the same way as alcohol and cigarettes as it was a "major player" in the increasing levels of obesity and type 2 diabetes.

He plans to put his proposals to the British Medical Association (BMA) at a conference in Clydebank.

But Julian Hunt, FDF director of communications, said that introducing regressive taxes would only result in lighter wallets, not smaller waists, particularly because VAT is already paid on all chocolate purchases in the UK.

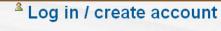
The

European Union "Chocolate Wars"

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Thirty Years' War

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia

(Redirected from Thirty years war)

The **Thirty Years' War** was fought between 1618 and 1648, principally on the territory of today's Germany, and involved most of the major European powers. [2] Beginning as a religious conflict between Protestants and Catholics in the Holy Roman Empire, it gradually developed into a general war involving much of Europe, for reasons not necessarily related to religion. [3] The war marked the culmination of the France-Habsburg rivalry for pre-eminence

in Europe, which led to further wars

between France and the Habsburg powers

Thirty Years' War Europe, 1648 Was have large and the same of th

Map of Europe in 1648, after the Peace of Westphalia. Small German states within the Holy Roman Empire are shown in grey.

Date 1618 – 1648

Location Europe (primarily

The real "Thirty Years' War" was fought in London and Europe but it ended in 2003

or did it?

Not in 1648 . . .

Thursday, 16 January 2003, the Chocolate War officially ends . . .

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Chocolate war over after 30 years

Andrew Osborn in Brussels

The Guardian, Friday January 17 2003 Article history

Europe's 30-year chocolate wars came to an abrupt end yesterday with a ruling from the EU's highest court ordering Italy and Spain to lift a "disproportionate" ban on the sale of British chocolate.

Despite the fact that purist chocolate-loving nations such as France and Belgium agreed to accept what they regard as impure British chocolate two years ago, Spain and Italy have steadfastly refused to

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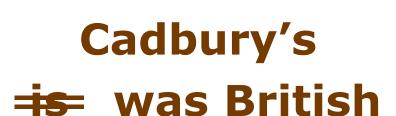
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had dragged on for far too long.

The chocolate wars began on the first day that Britain joined the EU in 1973, along with Denmark and Ireland. All three won



domestic and imported chocolate.

In 2000 a deal was struck. British-style milk chocolate (which contains 20% milk) was cleared for export to the eight, provided it was labelled "family milk chocolate".



2008 The Confection War may be flaring up again . . .



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Buffett brokers Mars' \$23bn Wrigley swoop

Simon English, Evening Standard 28 April 2008, 4:50pm

Warren Buffett put together a dream sweetshop, orchestrating a \$23bn (£11.5bn) takeover by Mars of the chewing gum giant Wrigley.

The deal brokered by the world's richest man and America's iconic investment guru will have profound implications for Cadbury, with speculation immediately reigniting that the UK-based chocolate group will make an offer for US rival Hershev.

The intensely secretive, privately held Mars Inc is putting up \$11bn for the deal, in which Buffett's investment group Berkshire Hathaway is providing further finance of \$4.4bn, as well as buying a \$2.1bn stake in Wrigley once the deal is done. The rest of the cash, around \$5.7bn, is being lent by the investment bank Goldman Sachs.

The offer price of \$80 a share for Wm Wrigley Jr Co is at a 28% premium to Friday's closing price.



Chewing it over: Warren Buffett

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Wrigley's plus Buffett could mean trouble for Cadbury's

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(denevaluncing - caubury, which is in the process of moving its European

head office to Rolle, Vaud, will have more than moving vans to deal with in the near future with world business headlines focusing on Mars teaming up with Warren Buffett to buy Wrigley's.





Images: Cadbury's Trident and Wrigley's
Doublement, two leading brands.

The deal, worth \$23 billion, brings together two of the largest US family businesses. Wrigley's name was made by

its chewing gum and Cadbury has recently invested heavily in Trident, its chewing gum brand, to gain a larger share of the UK market, reports the Guardian. The Times in London notes that Wrigley plus Mars will be the world's largest sweets/candy maker, with 14% of the global market, compared to Cadbury's 10%. "Gum has been an important driver of growth" for Cadbury's since 2003, writes the *Times*.

2000 The Chocolate War "ends" early . . .



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UK: Euro chocolate war ends

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Summary: One of Europe's longest-running trade disputes is officially over. European Union ministers have accepted a definition of chocolate - which will allow the sale of British and Scandinavian varieties across the continent. A European Commission spokesman said the new rules would give consumers and producers greater choice. This was a dispute that lasted a quarter of a century and was as much about national pride as about ingredients and recipes. Read the complete article...

Date: **26 May 2000**

Source: just-food.com

2003 The Chocolate War ends again . . .

the "battle" ends . . .

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Britain wins EU chocolate battle

Thursday, January 16, 2003 Posted: 8:32 AM EST (1332 GMT)

LUXEMBOURG -British confectioners
have won a "sweet
victory" in a European
court, ending a 30-year
battle over what
constitutes chocolate.

Spain and Italy have restricted sales of British-made chocolate because it contains up to 5 percent vegetable fat instead of pure cocoa butter.

Castway
PATRY
MILK

British brands such as Cadbury milk chocolate will now be available across Europe

Story Tools

But European judges ruled their efforts illegal on

Thursday, saying UK chocolate was entitled to free access to all EU markets.

"For the Cadbury's factory making Dairy Milk in

Britain may have won the battle, but they were soon to lose the war...

at least the high-stakes war . . .

Much has been written about

the "Chocolate War"



Chocolate War

The Chocolate War refers to the dispute between Britain, Ireland and Denmark and other chocolate-producinmg nations in the European Union. France, Belgium, Germany, Spain, Italy and others refused to recognise chocolate produced by these three nations, proposing it should be banned.

The reason for the Chocolate War centred around the ingredients of the chocolate, France and Belgium and their allies argued that the presence of vegetable oil in British chocolate meant that it was not true chocolate. Purists in the complaining nations believed that only cocoa butter oil should be used in chocolate production, and consequently that such products did not have the right to be called chocolate. Britain, Ireland and Denmark argued otherwise.

Despite pressure, Britain and the British public stood hard against this opinion. Suggestions were made prevent the to rename British chocolate as 'Vegalate', but British government and chocolate manufacturers refused to compromise on the matter.

The Chocolate War came to conclusion in 2003. The European Union Commission decided in favour of the British, avoiding any further conflict. The decision was warmly greeted by British popular opinion and chocolate manufacturers such as Cadbury's and Nestle were similarly pleased. To this day much of British chocolate continues to be produced with the same ingredients as in 1973 and considerably more British chocolate is loved and consumed than thirty years ago.



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Constructing quality: The multinational histories of chocolate

Julie L. Cidell and Heike C. Alberts

Department of Geography and Environmental Studies, California State University – San Bernardino, 5500 University Parkway, San Bernardino, CA 92407, United States

Department of Geography and Urban Planning, University of Wisconsin – Oshkosh, 800 Algoma Blvd., Oshkosh, WI 54901, United States

Received 1 March 2005; revised 13 February 2006. Available online 9 June 2006.

Abstract

Geographic research on food quality, while considering many of the ways in which quality is socially constructed, has largely focused on the place-based aspects of the raw materials of food production. Here, we use French convention theory to look at a

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highly processed food in order to show how place associations in the social construction of food quality extend to manufacturing. For chocolate, quality is based on material characteristics whose relative importance in determining quality depends on the country in which different stages of economic innovation took place. Struggles over the definition of quality chocolate, as exemplified by the "European Chocolate War," show how quality issues are connected to geographies of manufacturing and innovation.

Keywords: Chocolate; Europe; Economic geography; Innovation; Manufacturing; Production; Quality

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Great Chocolate War Reveals Dark Side of Europe

By EDMUND L. ANDREWS Published: October 24, 1997

The European Parliament erupted in angry recriminations today after voting on an issue that has split western Europe for more than two decades: the Two Chocolates Policy.

The vote left Britain, Ireland and Denmark seething with rage, while the Belgians and French quietly gloated. The Germans, after siding with the French, were rumored to be wavering and thinking of defecting to the other side.

So the fight is far from over.

Eight European countries, led by Belgium and France, require that chocolate be made exclusively with cocoa



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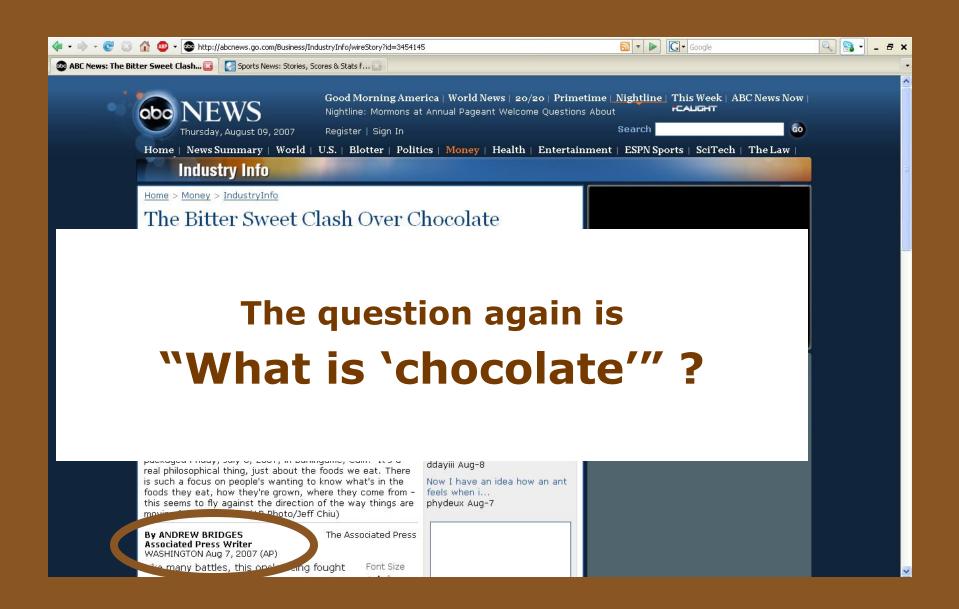
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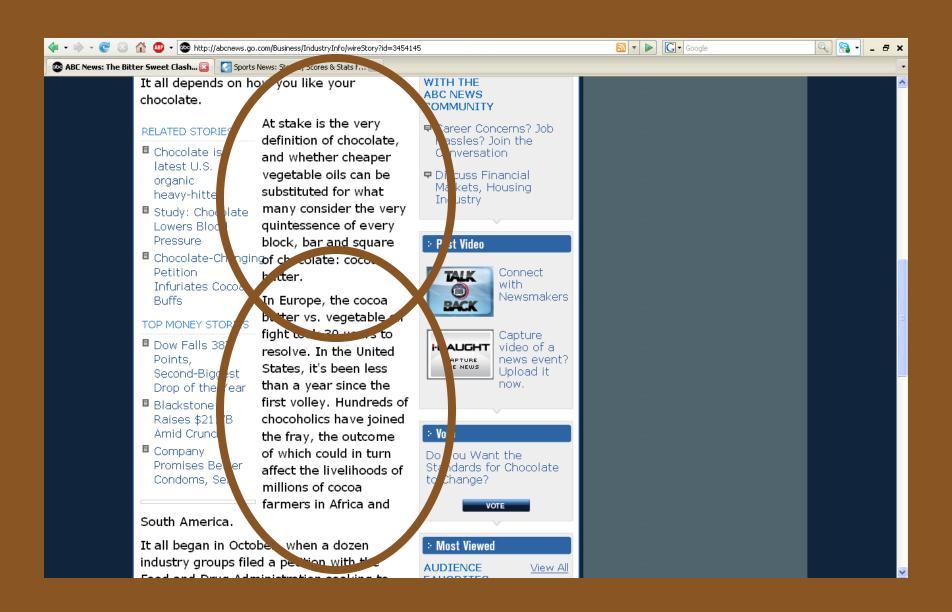
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In 2007 the chocolate hostilities

flared up

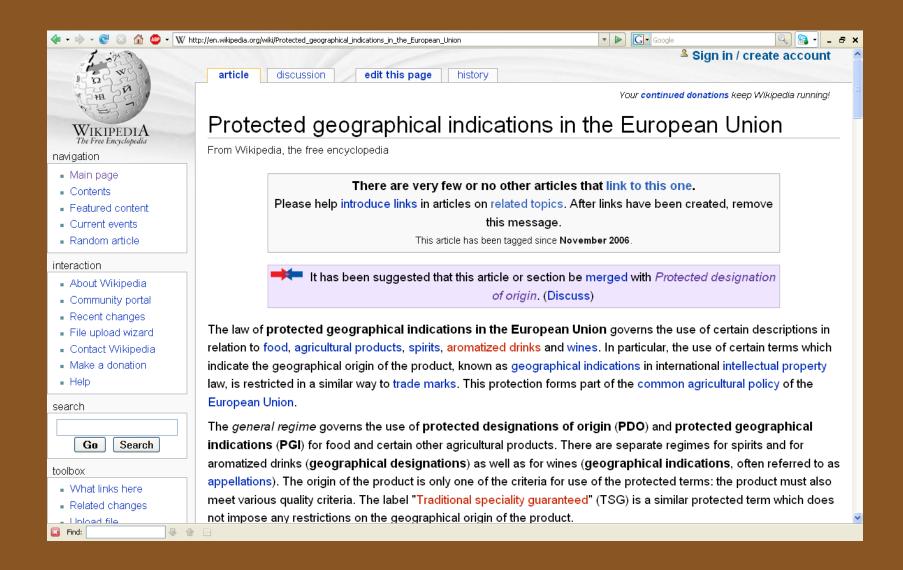
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European Union

"protected geographical indications"





Protected designation of origin

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia



"Protected Designation of Origin"



"Protected Geographical Indication"



"Traditional Specialty Guaranteed"



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the Denominazione di Origine Protetta (DOP) and Denominazione di Origine

The purpose of the law is to protect the reputation of the regional foods and eliminate the unfair competition and misleading of consumers by non-genuine products, which may be of inferior quality or of different flavor.

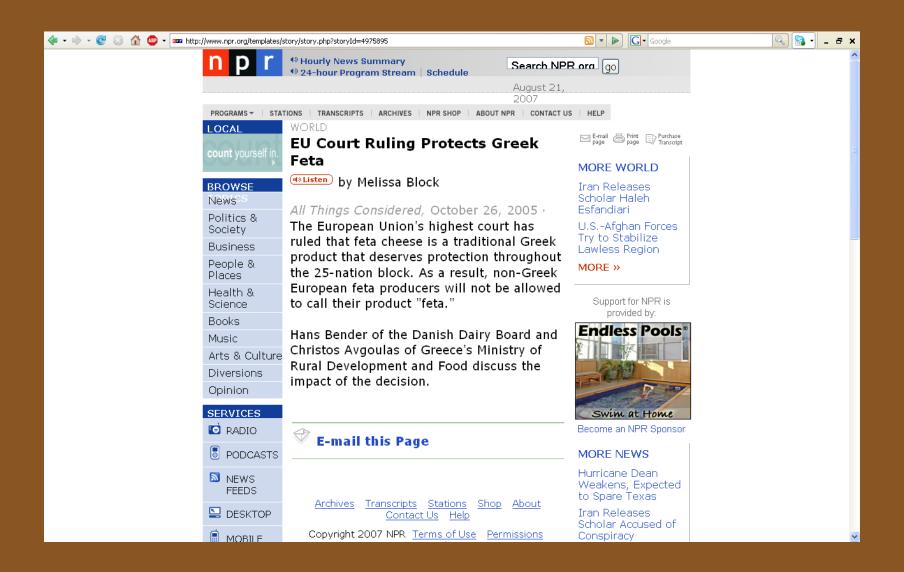


These laws protect the names of wines, cheeses, hams, sausages, olives, beers, and even regional breads, fruits, and vegetables. Foods such as Gorgonzola, Parmigiano Reggiano, Asiago cheese, Camembert de Normandie and Champagne can only be labelled as such if they come from the designated region. To qualify as *Roquefort*, for example, cheese must be made from milk of a certain breed of sheep, and matured in the natural caves near the town of Roquefort in the Aveyron region of France, where it is infected with the spores of a fungus (*Penicillium roqueforti*) that grows in these caves.

This system is similar to the French Appellation d'Origine Contrôlée (AOC) system, the Denominazione di Origine Controllata (DOC) used in Italy, and the Denominación de Origen system used in Spain.

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1 Within the European Union



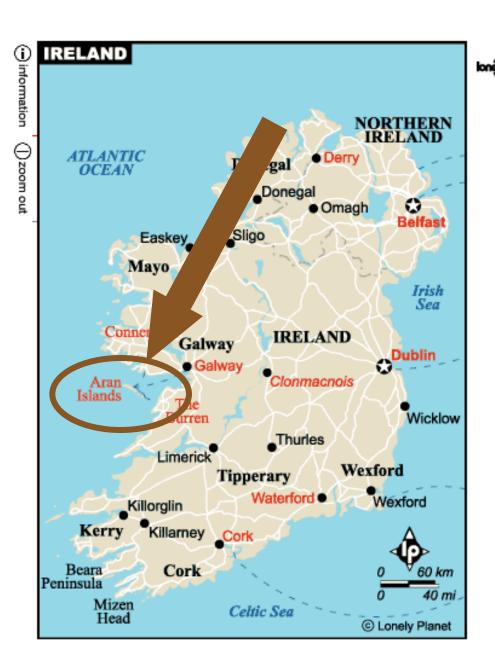


Special cut: Greek feta finally wins exclusive designation of origin rights. AFP photo.

By Dimitris Yannopoulos
Athens News



Home About Us Forum Contact Us Order Forno Bravo UK Dealers Photos Recipes Forno Bravo Store Pizza Napoletana UK Store Modular Pizza Ovens Here is the original document defining "Pizza Napoletana" for the EU. You can buy the ingredients defined in the Pizza Napoletana specification at the Forno Bravo Store. Assembled Ovens Testimonials MINISTRY OF AGRICULTURE COMMUNICATION Summary: Proposal of recognition of the Specialita' Traditionale Garantita "Pizza Napoletana" Modular Pizza Ovens Date: 24-5-2004 Assembled Ovens Declaration: The Ministry of Agricultural received the petition to register the classification of Specialita' Traditionale Garantita for Sales and Rentals the product "Pizza Napoletana" as presented in the following Articles 1-13 of the regulation (EEC) number 2082/92, from the association Genuine Pizza Napoletana and from the association Pizza Napoletana, both headquarter in Naples, in order to create this product classification, and to distinguish it clearly from other similar Pizza Peels products and to protect the consumer. We verify that the petition of production has been requested in the Italian Pizza Oven Tools language and the creation of the product obtained "according to the Italian tradition" and will proceed with the publication of the text of the to methods of production. Pizza Stones Terracotta Bakeware Department of Agricultural Food Product Quality and Consumer Protection Oven Installation Division QTC III via XX September n. 20 Outdoor Fireplaces 00187 Rome Terracotta Pottery Outdoor Kitchen Design Thirty days from the date of publication in the official Gazette of the Italian Republic, the above-mentioned petition will be proposed to the European Commission. THE METHOD OF PRODUCTION OF THE SPECIALITA' TRADITIONALE GARANTITA "PIZZA NAPOLETANA" Molino Caputo Tipo 00 San Marzano Tomatoes Article 1. Name of the product









Mairead's cottage where the workshop takes place on Inish Oirr









North West Euro MP David Sumberg has branded Spain and Italy's ban on British chocolate 'pig headed' and called on them to stop flouting European Law.

Mr Sumberg was speaking after the Advocate General advised the European Court the bans we



Picture Gal

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"British chocolate makers promis are being another to ment away due to the intransigence of the Spanish and Italian Governments," he said. 'Conservative MEPs won the battle in the European Parliament to permit British chocolate to be sold throughout the EU. The Commission and Council of Ministers agreed with us. It is unacceptable that Spain and Italy should flout this democratic decision. which their governments endorsed at the time, by pig headedly digging their heals in.'

U or It would be a pity if this were to be "Spain is now entering the Presidence of the marked by their unwillingness to accept this clear regal advice from the Advocate General to the Court.

chocolates

"In 1994 the European Union was establishing Europe-wide food standards. When they came around to Chocolate, Belgium and France and Germany supported the idea of creating a standard that said only something that was in excess of 50% Cacao could be called *Chocolate*. England (home of Cadbury which manufactures tons of candy that contains less than 10% Cacao) opposed the idea." . . .

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"In 1994 the European Union was establishing Europe-wide food

Standards. When they came around to Chocolate, Belgium and France and Germany supported the idea of creating a standard that said only something that was in excess of 50% Cacao could be called *Chocolate*. England (home of Cadbury which manufactures tons of candy that contains less than 10% Cacao) opposed the idea."

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Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"After months of arguments and threatened trade wars, Germany switched sides -- they have several large milk-chocolate-candy manufacturers and supposedly there was pressure from Switzerland, which is not in the EU, but manufactures huge quantities of milkchocolate-candy. So England, and Cadbury won. Anything can be called *Chocolate* in the EU, as long as it contains at least 1% Chocolate. (In the USA the FDA minimum is 10%.) However -- the EU said that each bar must state on the label the percentage of Cacao that it contains."

Chocolates and "The Chocolate War" "After months of arguments and threatened trade wars, Germany switched sides -- they have several large milk-chocolate-candy manufacturers and supposedly there was pressure from Switzerland, which is not in the EU, but manufactures huge quantities of milkchocolate-candy. So England, and Cadbury won. Anything can be called *Chocolate* in the EU, as long as it contains at least 1% Chocolate. (In the USA the FDA minimum is 10%.) However -- the EU said that each bar must state on the label the percentage of Cacao that it contains." . . .

Spain and Italy Banned "Chocolate"

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Belgium and France and Germany supported

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some could the idea."Spain



Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"After months of arguments and threatened trade wars, Germany switched sides -- they have several large milk-chocolate-candy manufacturers and supposedly there was pressure from Switzerland, which is not in the EU, but manufactures huge quantities of milk-chocolate-candy. So England, and Cadbury won. Anything can be called *Chocolate* in the EU, as long as it contains at least 1% Chocolate. (In the USA the FDA minimum is 10%.) However -- the EU said that each bar must state on the label the percentage of Cacao that it contains."

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Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"In late 1998 and early 1999, before I went to Europe, I started to notice a very few pure bars at specialty stores in Seattle, but they were outrageously expensive. In 29 countries in Europe, I discovered that every country has at least ONE, 70%+ Chocolate bar, and most countries have several. In France and Belgium, even the grocery store brands have a 70%+ pure Chocolate bar! France, Belgium, Germany and Poland were the best countries for good pure Chocolate bars. Switzerland, Hungary and Finland, were the

WORSt. I didn't go to Spain, but I did notice that although it is often hard to find, the Spanish Chocolate I did find was excellent. I suspect Spain is probably a great country for pure, real Chocolate, which is historically understandable."



Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"Even more exciting, I found several brands that market bars with identical recipes but the Cacao is from different plant varieties and/or from different parts of the world. It is amazing to compare! Toward the end of my trip I saw several more of the series -- even Nestle has a series of three bars from three different countries!!! However, it contains the artificial flavor Vanillin, which is a silly thing to add to a bar for trying to compare Chocolate subtleties! The French brand Chocolat Bonnat was certainly the best of these. Their line of seven (now eight) 75% Cacao bars, each from a different part of the world is amazing: No Vanilla, no lecithin, just Chocolate and a little sugar. I cannot read the French on the label very well, but they do not appear to note which varieties each bar consists of. There was also a Spanish brand, Chocovic, of which I had only small tasters, that was from different varieties and was very good." . . .

Scaling

Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"There are even a couple of US manufacturers! One, Chocolate made in Belgium and packaged in the US under the absolutely horrible brand name ChocoLove has different bars ranging from 25% (the richest milk chocolate you will ever find) to 77% (YUM!) (and also 100% baking Chocolate). Despite the awful name, the Chocolate is pretty good. They recently introduced a couple of Organic bars too, 61% & 73%. Sharfen-Berger appears to actually make their 70% bars in the US. ..."

http://www.mrkland.com/fun/xocoatl/bars.htm

Scaling

Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"Between late 2000 and mid 2001 it was fairly difficult to find pure bars here in Seattle, but things are changing very fast. In April of 2003 I did a couple of tastings with about 20 of the best bars in the world. As recently as November of 2001 I could not have purchased ANY of those bars here in Seattle, and yet now I am able to get ALL of them here! Pure bars are becoming almost COMMON -- the important talent is now determining the best pure bars, not just finding any! " • • •

http://www.mrkland.com/fun/xocoatl/bars.htm



Chocolates and "The Chocolate War"

"I will not buy any bar with less than 70% Cacao, and generally will not eat any Chocolate that is less than 60% -- I just don't like it."

Mark's entire list
mrk.'s Chocolate site
http://www.mrkland.com/fun/xocoatl/#SEL

Real Chocolate Bars
http://www.mrkland.com/fun/xocoatl/bars.htm www.xocoatl.org/bars.htm

Scaling

My Favorites.

82%	Artigianale - fondente	Italy
75%	Pour Croquer - trinité	France
70%	noir extrême	Belgium
85%	Grand Amer	France
70%	Rajoles - negro	Spain
75%	Pour Croquer - Madagascar	France
r85%	noir 85	France
	75% 70% 85% 70% 75%	75% Pour Croquer - trinité 70% noir extrême 85% Grand Amer 70% Rajoles - negro 75% Pour Croquer - Madagascar

<u>My entire list.</u>

Scaling

- *** Chocolate Wars** 12/1/02
- **Guardian Unlimited | The Guardian | Chocolate war**over after 30 years
 - <http://www.guardian.co.uk/uk_news/story/0,3604,876445,00.html>
- **Big Chocolate Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia**
 - http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Big_Chocolate

"Anything can be called Chocolate in the EU, as long as it contains at least 1% Chocolate. In the USA the FDA minimum is 10%."

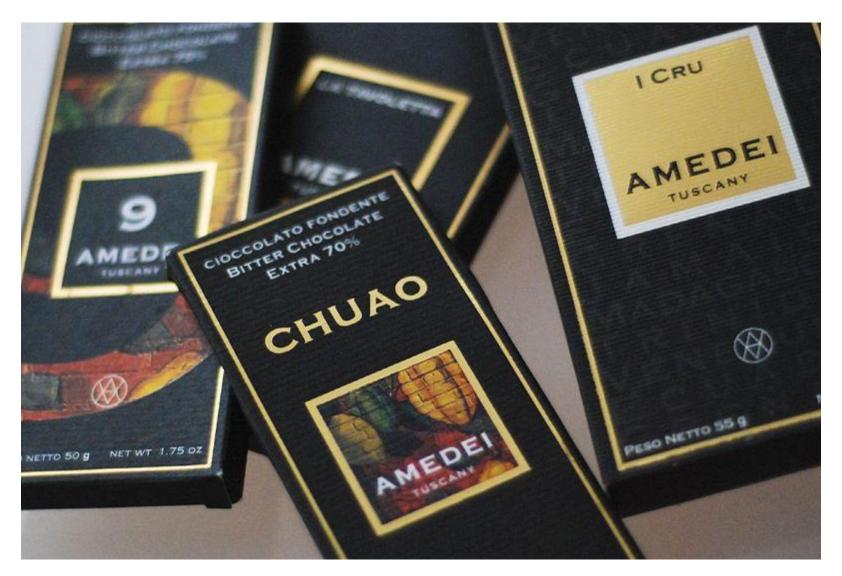
In Belgium . . .



Dolfin Chocolat Noir 88% De Cacao

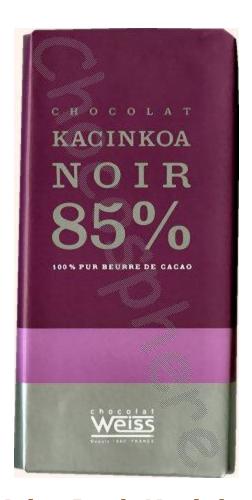
Dolfin's darkest Belgian chocolate bar very intense, very delightful! 70g/2.47 oz, 88% Cocoa.

In Italy...



Amedei

In France...



Chocolat Weiss Dark Kacinkoa 85% Bar A blend of Criollos, Forasteros and Trinitarios cocoa beans.

The taste is that of elegance:

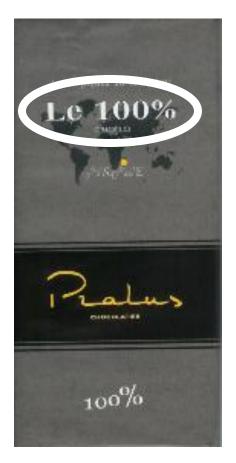
The finesse of tannins, a fruity aroma, a sustained flavor, and a quite surprising sweetness toward the end of tasting for an 85% cocoa-content bar.

Net wt. 3.5oz/100g.



Pralus Madagascar Dark Chocolate 75%

Net wt. 3.5oz/100g. \$7.99 (27 April 2008) Les Tropiques du Chocolate Les Tropiques du Chocolat® Les Tropiques du Chocolate Djakarta FORASTERO TRINITARIO CRIOLLO TRINITARIO 7°15'S109°0'E CHOCOLATIER CHOCOLATIER CHOCOLATIER



"Le cent"

"THE one-hundred"

Pralus "Le 100%"

Net wt. 3.5oz/100g. \$8.29 (27 April 2008)

In Germany...





Hachez 88% "Premier Cru" with Cocoa Nibs Bar

Net wt. 3.5oz/100g. \$4.49 (27 April 2008)

In Spain...

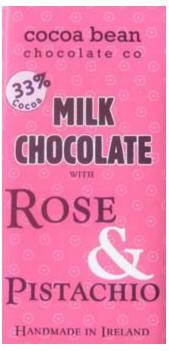


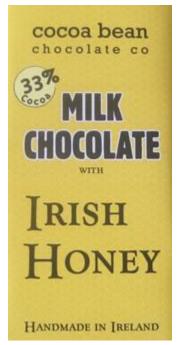
Chocovic 71% Guyave



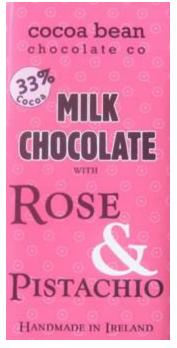
In Ireland...

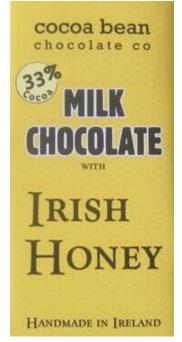




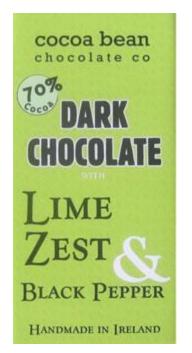














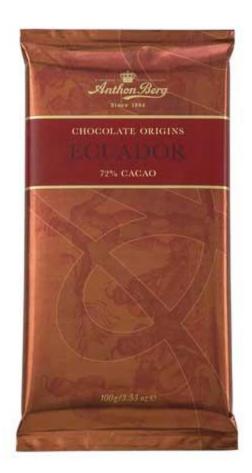




In Denmark...







In England...













Selly Manor House

http://www.virtualbrum.co.uk/heritage/page6.htm



Bournville Carillon
Bournville Junior School

http://www.virtualbrum.co.uk/heritage/page6.htm



Workers'Welfare and the Chocolate Factory

HOP on a train at the University and ride for a couple of stops down the line away from the centre of Birmingham. Get off at Bournville, a station painted in the familiar purple of an internationally-known manufacturer of chocolate.

You have now entered the Cadbury world (but not yet Cadbury World, a combination of theme park and factory tour where for £6.50, they will tell you the story of chocolate from the Aztecs to the Fuse bar). Walk up the road, past the factory and the park presided over by a cricket pavilion as big as a manor house.

Turn right and you will find yourself in the heart of Bournville, the model village created by George Cadbury in 1893, not as a company



Dame Elizabeth Cadbury School and Sixth Form College Birmingham, Warwickshire, United Kingdom





The Quaker Meeting House
Selly Manor Museum and Bournville Village Trust

http://www.virtualbrum.co.uk/heritage/page6.htm

In the United States...

HERSHEY'S

MILK CHOCOLATE

NET WT 5 LBS (2.268 kg)

What does Hershey say about its cocoa content?

Well . . . (usually) exactly nothing

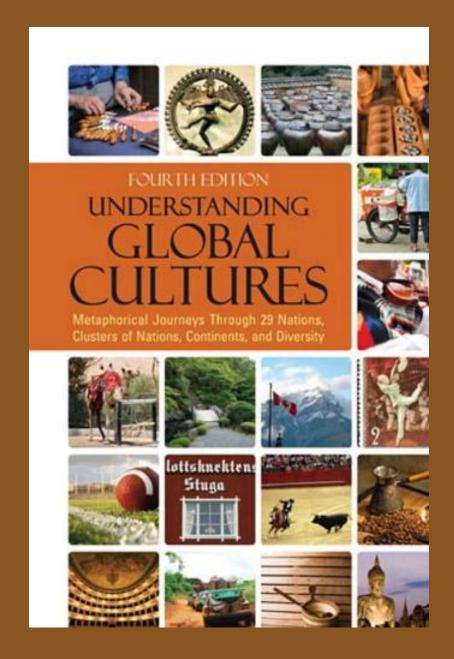
but it is said to be 11%

- 1. nominal
- 2. ordinal
- 3. interval
- 4. ratio

After H. Russell Bernard, Research Methods in Anthropology, 1994

- 1. nominal
- 2. ordinal
- 3. interval
- 4. ratio

After H. Russell Bernard, Research Methods in Anthropology, 1994



Understanding Global Cultures:
Metaphorical Journeys Through 29
Nations, Clusters of Nations,
Continents, and Diversity, Fourth
Edition

Martin J. Gannon and Rajnandini (Raj) Pillai SAGE Publications, Thousand Oaks, CA, 2009

"units of analysis" may also include:

a nation

("national character studies")

- the item or action itself

(including "processes")

- a "cultural metaphor"

(analogy, by means of cultural metaphors)

Gannon and Pillai's **European Cultural Metaphors**include

- Ch. 5. The Turkish Coffehouse
- Ch. 7. The Polish Village Church
- Ch. 9. The Swedish Stuga
- Ch. 10. The Finnish Sauna
- Ch. 11. The Danish Christmas Luncheon
- Ch. 12. The German Symphony
- Ch. 13. Irish Conversations

Gannon and Pillai's **European Cultural Metaphors**include

- Ch. 15. French Wine . . .
- Ch. 17. The Traditional British House
- Ch. 21. The Italian Opera
- Ch. 22. Belgian Lace
- Ch. 24. The Russian Ballet
- Ch. 30. The Spanish Bullfight
- Ch. 31. The Portuguese Bullfight

Gannon and Pillai's European Cultural Metaphors include

Ch. 15. French Wine . . .

Ch. 17. The Traditional British House

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Ch. 22. Belgian Lace

Ch. 24. The Russian Ballet

Ch. 30. The Spanish Bullfight

Ch. 31. The Portuguese Bullfight

Fig. 1.1. Process, Goals, and Expression of Emotions (p. 12)

Open Expression of Emotions and Feelings				
		Lower	Higher	
Degree to				
which	Lower			
process				
must be emphasized	Higher			
before goals				
can be				
discussed				

Fig. 1.1. Process, Goals, and Expression of Emotions (p. 12)

Open Expression of Emotions and Feelings				
Degree to		Lower	Higher	
which process must be emphasized before goals can be discussed	Lower	England, Ireland, and Scotland	United States and Germany	
	Higher	China, Japan, and India	Mexico, Spain, and Italy	

More on the "Four-Stage Model" later, time permitting



		INDIVIDUALISM	COLLECTIVISM
POWER DISTANCE	Low (horizontal)	Equality Matching (interval)	Community Sharing (nominal)
	High (vertical)	Market Pricing (ratio)	Authority Ranking (ordinal)

1. Horizontal Collectivism / Community Sharing

nominal scaling

only names are given to entities

in-group vs. out-group

nominal scaling

naming something

nominal scaling

- a nominal variable is an item on a list of things
 - the variables are mutually exclusive
 - but they do not exhaust the possibilities

religion

- Hindu
- Moslem
- Buddhist
- Christian
- Druid
- "Other"



chocolates

- Belgian
- Godiva
- Ghirardelli
- Whitman
- Cadbury
- Hershey
- Nestle
- Brachs

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After H. Russell Bernard, Research Methods in Anthropology, 1994



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		INDIVIDUALISM	COLLECTIVISM
	Low (horizontal)	Equality	Community
		Matching	Sharing
POWER DISTANCE		(interval)	(nominal)
	High (vertical)	Market	Polandy
		Pricing	Turkey 3
		(ratio)	(ordinal)

2. Vertical Collectivism / Authority Ranking Cultures

- ordinal scaling
- individual A may be more important than individual B, and individual C may be more important than individual B, but there is no common unit of measurement

Scaling ordinal scaling putting things in order

ordinal scaling

- ordinal variables are exhaustive and mutually exclusive
- and their values can be rank ordered

ordinal scaling

- high
- medium
- low

socioeconomic class (SES)

- upper class
- middle class
- lower class

types of political organization

- "peasant society"
- "primitive state"
- "chiefdom"
- "tribe"
- "band"

chocolates

•	Be	gi	ian
	THE RESERVE		

- Godiva
- Ghirardelli
- Cadbury
- Whitman
- Brachs
- Hershey (orig.)
- Nestle

best

better

better

good

good

good

fair

fair

ordinal scaling

 in general, concepts are measured at the ordinal level

level of acculturation

- very acculturated
- somewhat acculturated
- unacculturated

ordinal scaling

- what ordinal variables do not tell us is how much more
- the most important characteristic of ordinal measure is that there is no way to tell how far apart the attributes are from one another

- 1. nominal
- 2. ordinal
- 3. interval
- 4. ratio

After H. Russell Bernard, Research Methods in Anthropology, 1994



		INDIVIDUALISM	COLLECTIVISM
POWER DISTANCE	Low (horizontal)	Equality Matching (interval)	Community Sharing (nominal)
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	INDIVIDUALISM COLLECTIVISM			
POWER DISTANCE	Low (horizontal)		Germany Sweden Ireland Denmark France	Community Sharing (nominal)
	High (vertical)		Market Pricing (ratio)	Poland Turkey (ordinal)

III. Equality Matching Cultures

- 10. The German Symphony
- 11. The Swedish Stuga
- 12. Irish Conversations
- 13. The Canadian Backpack and Flag
- 14. The Danish Christmas Luncheon
- 15. French Wine
- IV. Marketing Pricing Cultures
 - 16. American Football
 - 17. The Traditional British House

3. Horizontal Individualism / Equality Matching Cultures

- interval scale
- culture does have a common unit of measurement, but it does not make value judgments about individual worth
 - there are too many dimensions along which individuals can be measures

Scaling interval scaling putting items at fixed intervals

interval scaling

- concrete, observable things are often measured at the interval level
 - but not always

interval scaling

- interval variables are exhaustive and mutually exclusive
- and their values can be rank ordered

interval scaling

 and the distances between the attributes are meaningful

interval scaling

- 30° Fahrenheit
- 40° Fahrenheit

- •70° Fahrenheit
- •80° Fahrenheit

interval scaling

• 40° F - 30° F = 10° F

• 80° F - 70° F = 10° F

interval scaling

 but there is no "zero point"

 i.e., 80° Fahrenheit is not twice as warm as 40° Fahrenheit

There could be a zero point, and there is with Kelvin system temperatures



"The Kelvin scale is a thermodynamic (absolute) temperature scale, and zero kelvin (0 K) is defined as absolute zero (-273.15 degrees Celsius) which is the coldest possible temperature."



"The Kelvin scale is a thermodynamic (absolute) temperature scale, and zero kelvin (0 K) is defined as absolute zero (-273.15 degrees Celsius) which is the coldest possible temperature."

and that means the Kelvin scale is *ratio* rather than interval scaling

http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Kelvin

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After H. Russell Bernard, Research Methods in Anthropology, 1994



		INDIVIDUALISM	COLLECTIVISM
POWER DISTANCE	Low (horizontal)	Equality Matching (interval)	Community Sharing (nominal)
	High (vertical)	Market Pricing (ratio)	Authority Ranking (ordinal)



	INDIVIDUALISM COLLECTIVIS				
POWER DISTANCE	Low (horizontal)		Germany Sweden Ireland Denmark France	Community Sharing (nominal)	
	High (vertical)		Market Britain U.S.A. (ratio)	Poland Turkey ; (ordinal)	

4. Vertical Individualism / Market Pricing Cultures

- scale is ratio
- there is a common unit of measurement
- and a true zero point
 - allows members of the culture to transform every other dimension and compare them monetarily

4. Vertical Individualism / Market Pricing Cultures

- scale is ratio
- there is a common unit of measurement
- and a true zero point
 - allows members of the culture to transform every other dimension and compare them monetarily

ratio scaling

interval variables that have a zero point

ratio scaling

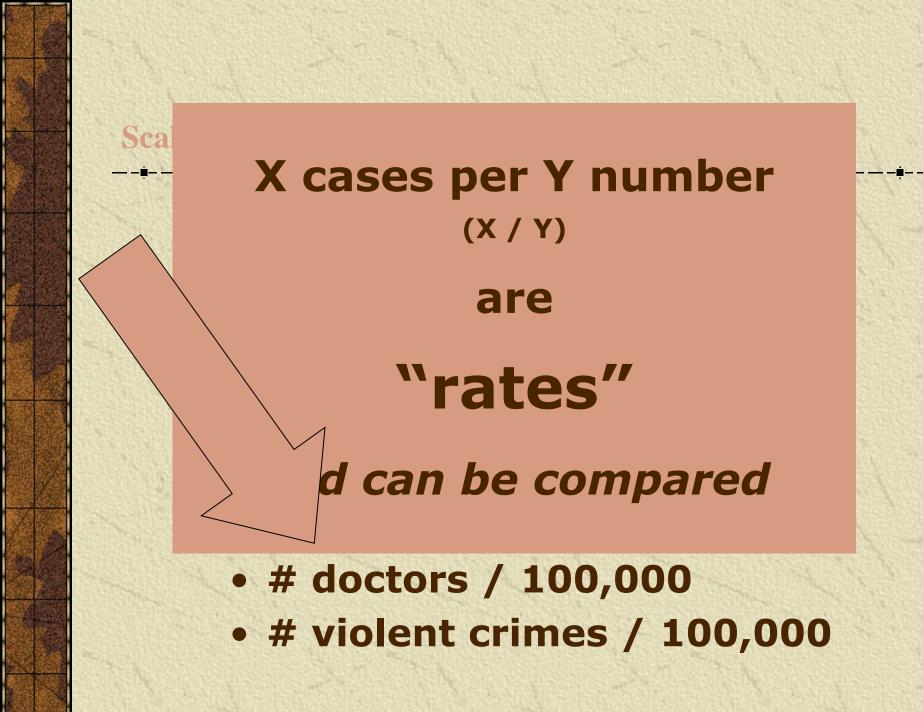
- a 40-year-old is 10 years older than a 30-year-old
- a 40-year-old is twice as old as a 20-year-old

ratio scaling

- in the social sciences there are few interval variables that are not also ratio variables
- it is common practice in the social sciences to refer to ratio variables as interval variables

ratio scaling

- years of education
- income in dollars, Euros . . .
- years spent migrating
- population size
- # doctors / 100,000
- # violent crimes / 100,000

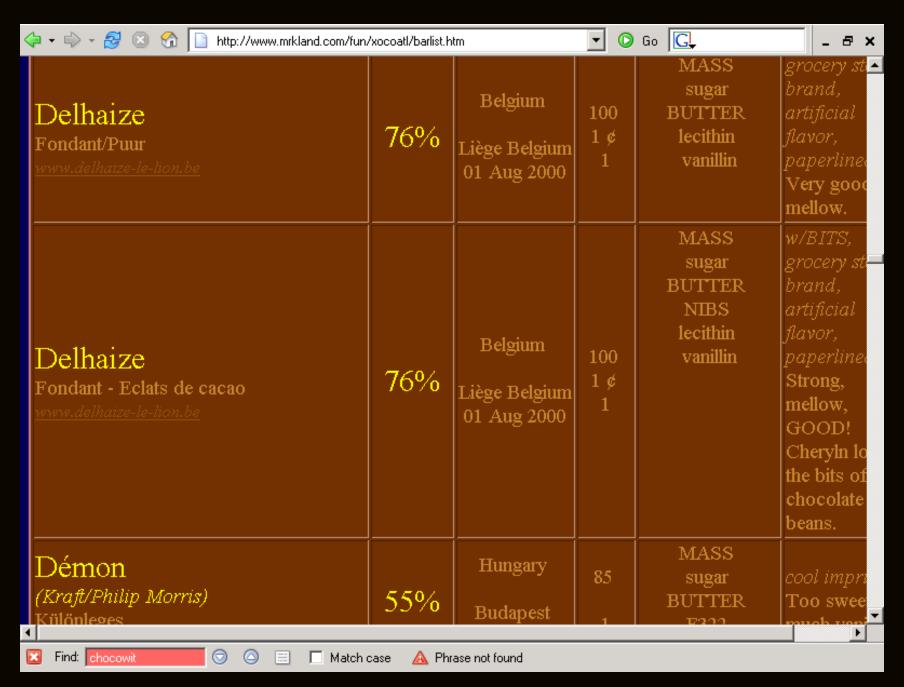


non-ratio data that are not rates often can not be compared

- # doctors / 100,000
- # violent crimes / 100,000

chocolates

Be	lgian	70+%	cacao
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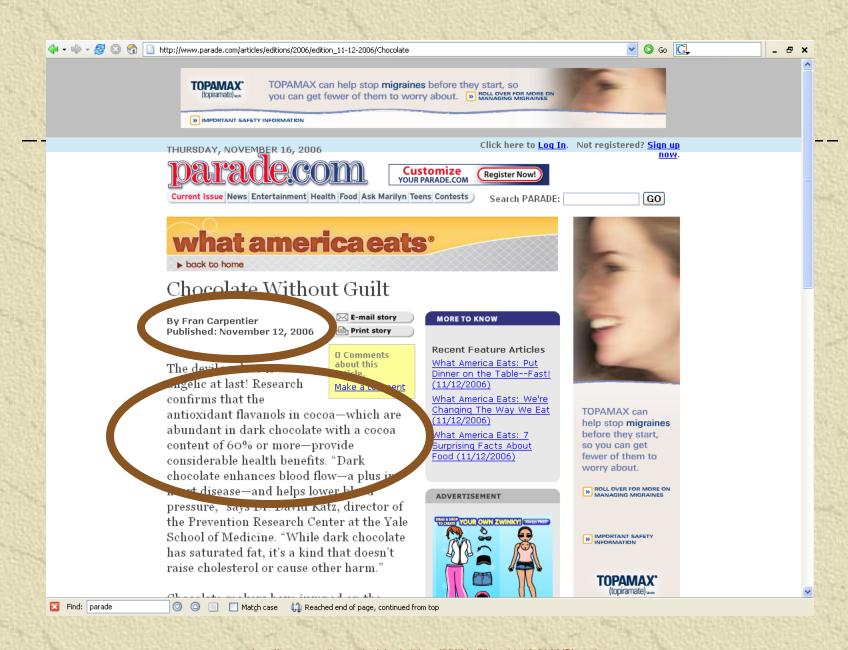
REM:

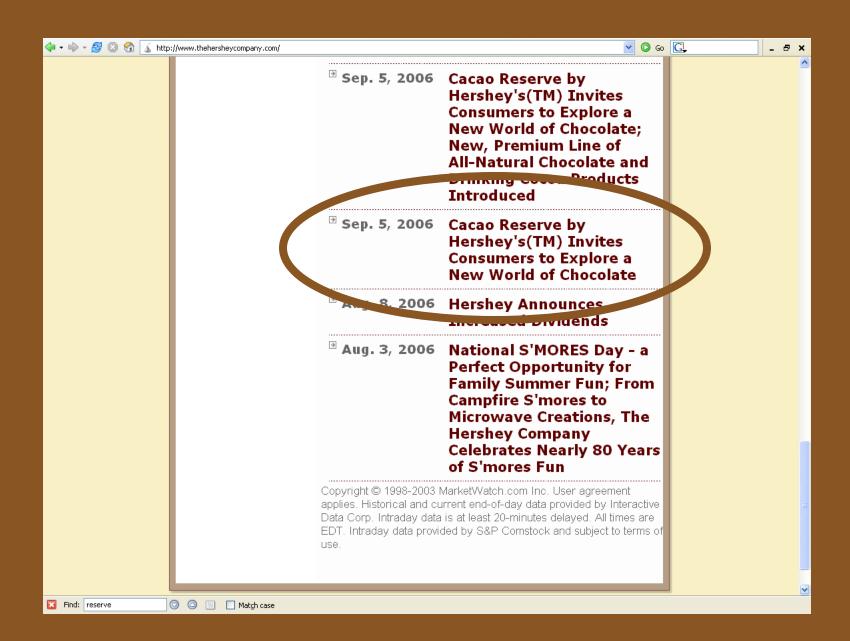
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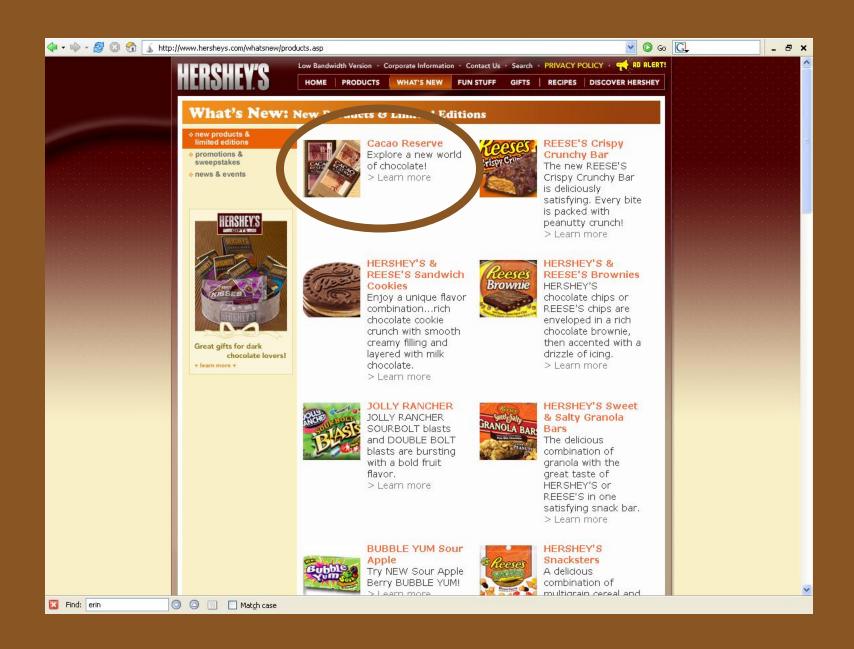
The Chocolate Wars

"In 1994 the European Union was establishing Europe-wide food standards. When they came around to Chocolate, Belgium and France and Germany supported the idea of creating a standard that said only something that was in excess of 50% Cacao could be called *Chocolate*. England (home of Cadbury which manufactures tons of candy that contains less than 10% Cacao) opposed the idea."

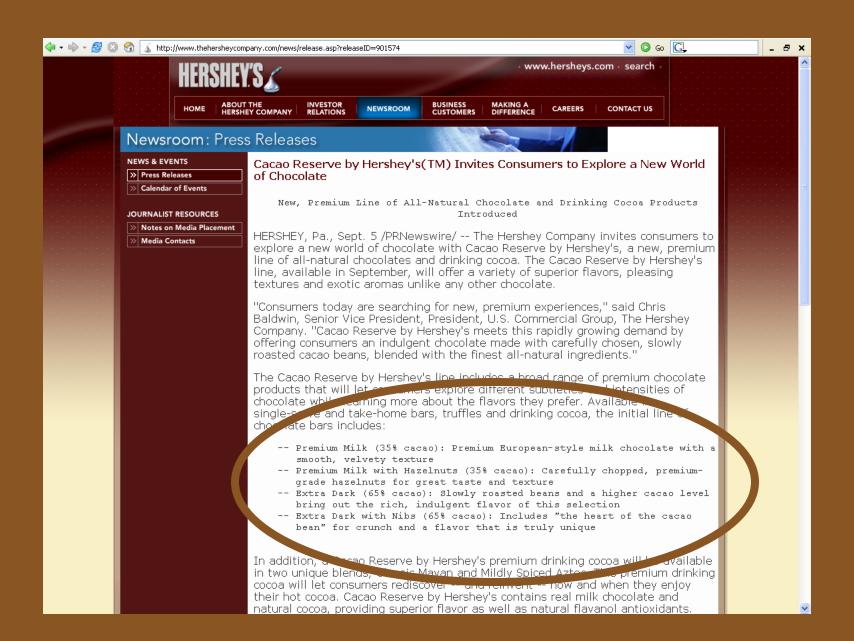
www.mrkland.com/fun/xocoatl/bars.htm











"Consumers today are searching for new, premium experiences," said Chris Baldwin, Senior Vice President, President, U.S. Commercial Group, The Hershey Company. "Cacao Reserve by Hershey's meets this rapidly growing demand by offering consumers an indulgent chocolate made with carefully chosen, slowly roasted cacao beans, blended with the finest all-natural ingredients...."

"The Cacao Reserve by Hershey's line includes a broad range of premium chocolate products that will let consumers explore different subtleties and intensities of chocolate while learning more about the flavors they prefer. Available in single-serve and take-home bars, truffles and drinking cocoa, the initial line of chocolate bars includes...."

The initial line of Cacao Reserve by Hershey's chocolate bars includes:

- -- Premium Milk (35% cacao): Premium European-style milk chocolate with a smooth, velvety texture
- -- Premium Milk with Hazelnuts (35% cacao): Carefully chopped, premium- grade hazelnuts for great taste and texture
- -- Extra Dark (65% cacao): Slowly roasted beans and a higher cacao level bring out the rich, indulgent flavor of this selection
- -- Extra Dark with Nibs (65% cacao): Includes "the heart of the cacao bean" for crunch and a flavor that is truly unique.

The line will [also] include four premium chocolate bars made with cacao beans from individual countries of origin. Cacao Reserve by Hershey's Country of Origin bars encourage consumers to explore their different nuances of flavor and aroma. The single origin collection includes:

- -- Java, Indonesia (32% cacao): Fine milk chocolate, caramel taste and a light, tart accent
- -- Arriba (50% cacao): Dark milk blend with a hint of herbal notes
- -- Santo Domingo (67% cacao): Rich dark chocolate with an intriguing wine and spice character
- -- Sao Tome (70% cacao): A blend of rich aromas and subtle spices for a dark, distinct taste





SLASHFOOD RECIPES WEB Search

Russell Stover goes upscale

Posted Feb 13th 2007 9:04AM by Nicole Weston Filed under: Business, Chocolate, Candy, New Products, America

Russell Stover Chocolates started back in 1923 and leads the market in terms of the sales of boxed chocolates. It is the third larges chocolate manufacturer in the US, behind Hershey's and M&M Mars (Masterfoods). Although receiving consistently decent scores in taste tests, the brand has an image of affordability and none of the cache that more upscale



For me, the presentation of a dish is critically important. Here's a trick for turning orange peels into beautiful serving bowls for almost anything you can create.

Learn More

brands - Godiva, Lin but a few - do. Since ever-growing segme Russell Stover has cand reinvent the brayounger consumers looking for more sor packaging and flavo upscale brands.

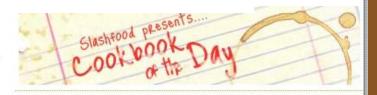
Several new lines w Internationale and (designed to compet organic chocolates, same company, will

Started by the uncle of Duluth Minnesota's own Russell Stover . . .





Consumers will make or break the new products, but industry insiders already see potential in Vanilla Bean Brûlée with 70% Dark Chocolate squares and other similar products, with Candy Industry magazine even giving Russell Stover the Manufacturer of the year award for 2006.



Russ



""Disability is not a 'brave struggle' or 'courage in the face adversity'...disability is an art. It's an ingenious way to live."-poet and playwright Neil Marcus "

Male 53 years old DULUTH, Minnesota United States

Last Login: 4/27/2008

Mood: blah 🜚

View My: Pics | Videos



Add to Friends

Add to Favorites

IM / Call

Block User

Add to Group

Rank User

MySpace URL:

http://www.myspace.com/russstover



Russ's Interests General My interests are varied, I enjoy sports, theatre, museums, travel, camping, Bruce Springsteen and old cars. Kids and dogs love me, I can't be all bad. Music The Boss, Dylan, Hiatt, Bodeans &; more.... Movies Casablanca, The Razor's Edge, Seabiscuit, &; Murderball Television Boston Legal, Lettermen and Twins

Russ in your extended network

Russ's Latest Blog Entry [Subscribe to this Blog]

Christmas Carols for the Challenged (view more)

Stover has been a longtime advocate for working people (view more)

Stover's record is solid (view more)

Fundraiser (view more)

My reelection ed piece (view more)

[View All Blog Entries]

Russ's Blurbs

About me:

I am a 52-year-old disabled male who uses a wheelchair due to a genetic bone condition that mostly affects my legs. I have good upper body strength and I'm very mobile. I am independent, active, funny, generous, caring, and a good cook. Never judge a book by its cover. My work puts me before the public, and gives the opportunity to meet many new people. Although it can be alienating sometimes. I live alone (except for my dog and cat) in a home I built on a wooded hillside with a large yard, fireplace, and a beautiful view.





chocolates

Belgian

In summary

- Cadbury
- Whitman
- Brachs
- Hershey (orig.)
- Nestle

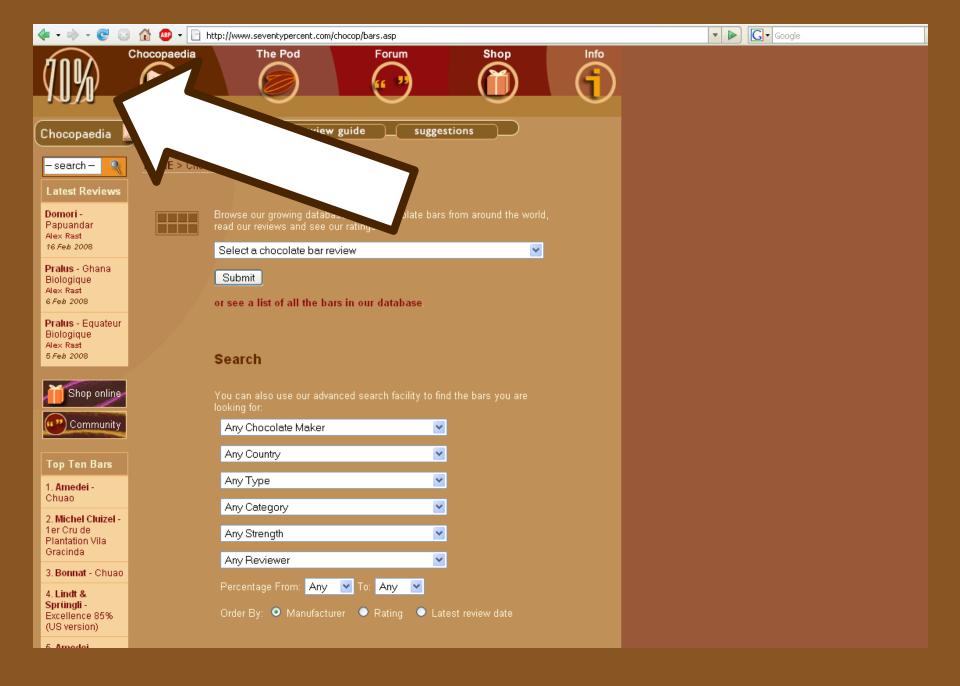
"Nominal" scaling

- naming something
- only names are given to entities
- a nominal variable is an item on a list of things

Scaling

chocolates

- Belgian
- French
- Italian
- Spanish
- German
- Swiss
- American
- British
- Venezuelan
- Ecuadorian



"Ordinal" scaling

- simply putting things in order
- "A" may be better than "B", and "C" better than B, but there is no common unit of measurement
- So "A" may or may not be twice as good as "C", for example



Scaling

chocolates

Be	lgian	best
----------------------	-------	------

- French best
- Italian best
- Spanish better
- German better
- Swiss better
- American good
- British good
- Venezuelan unknown
- Ecuadorian unknown

Scaling

chocolates

♦	Bel	g	ian
	The sales have		

- French
- Italian
- Spanish
- German
- Swiss
- American
- British
- Venezuelan
- Ecuadorian

best

best

best

better

better

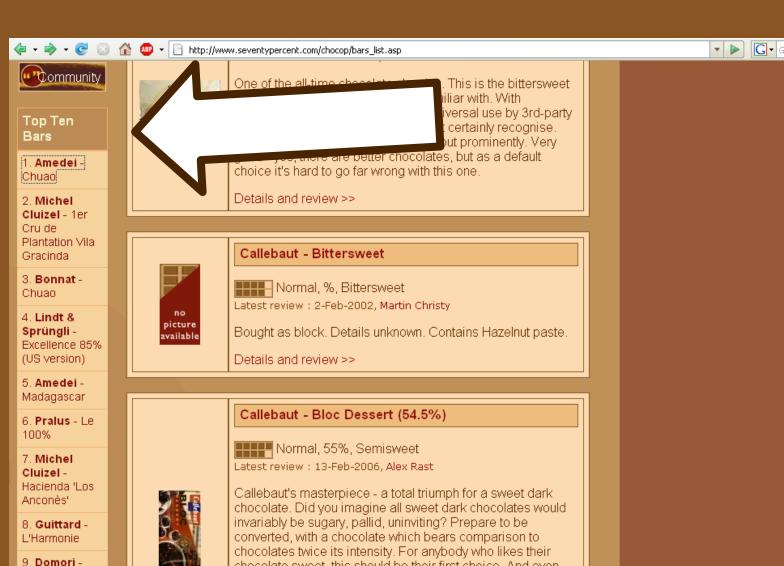
better

good

good

unknown

unknown



chocolate sweet, this should be their first choice. And even those who prefer darker chocolates should taste this one to experience the remarkable fact that a sweet dark chocolate can have the complexities and flavour nuances of even the high-percentage bittersweets.

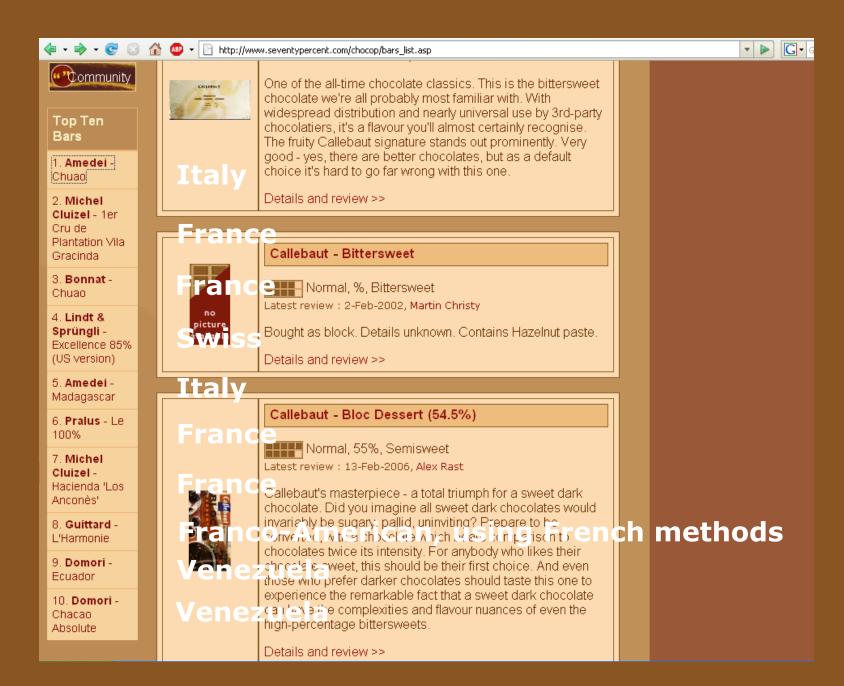
Details and review >>

Ecuador

Chacao

Absolute

10. Domori -

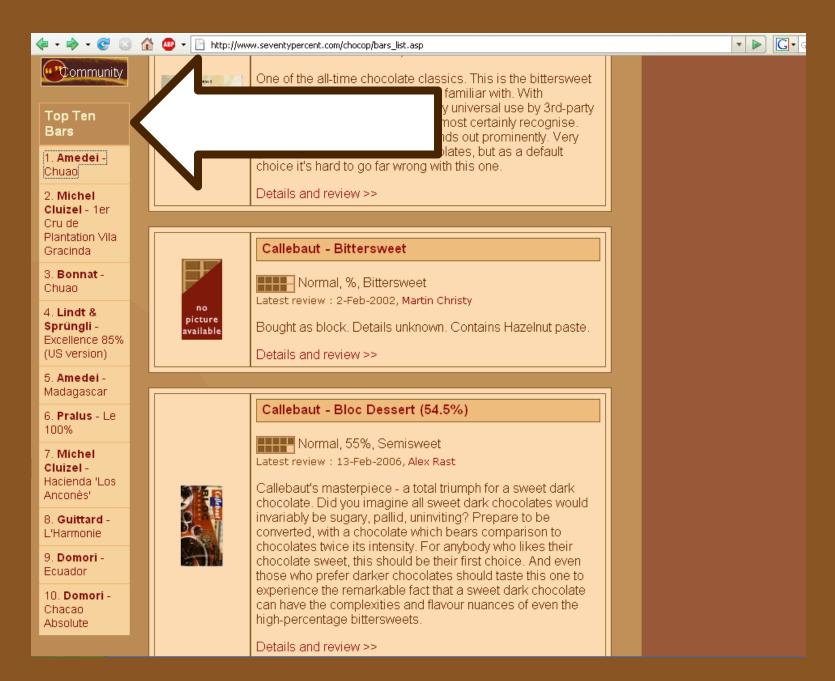


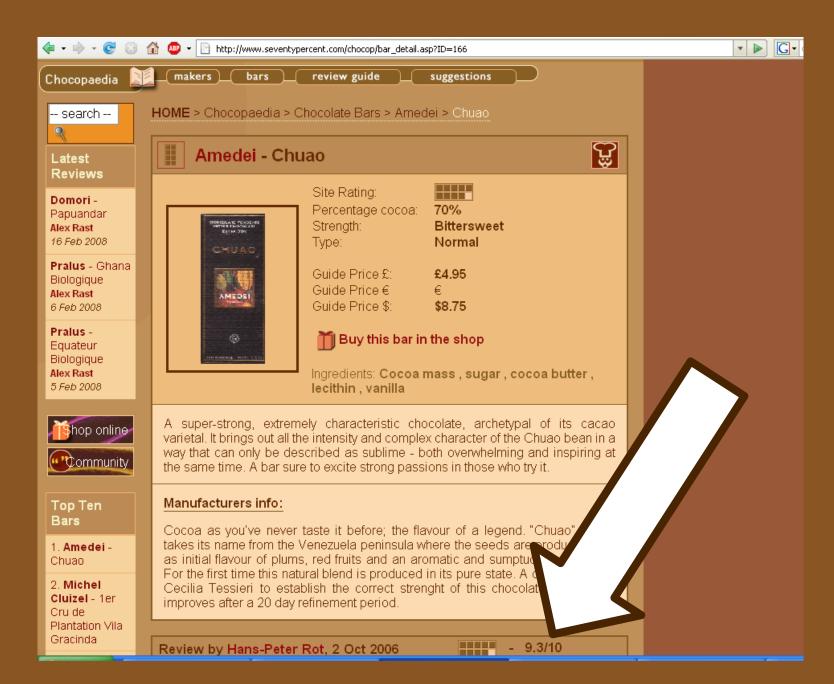
Scaling

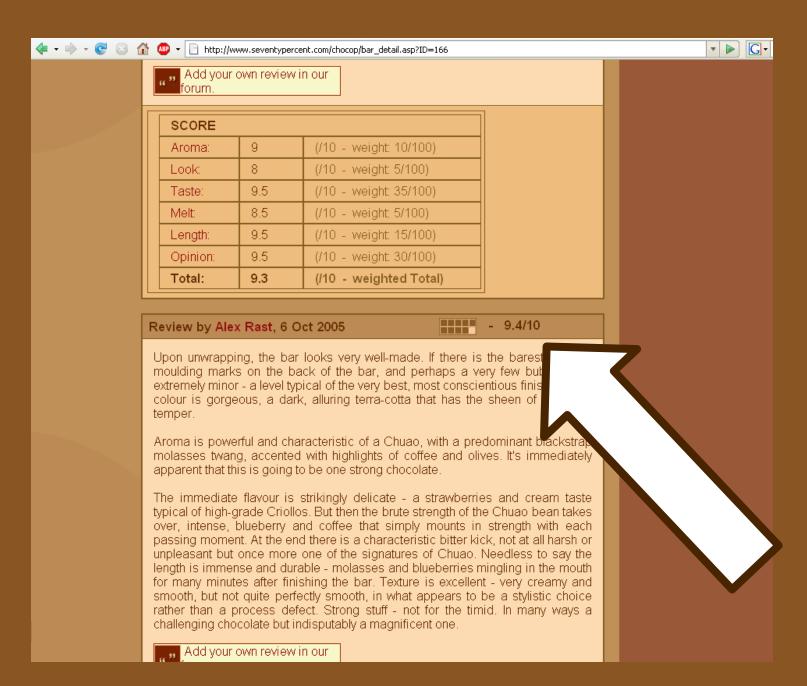
chocolates

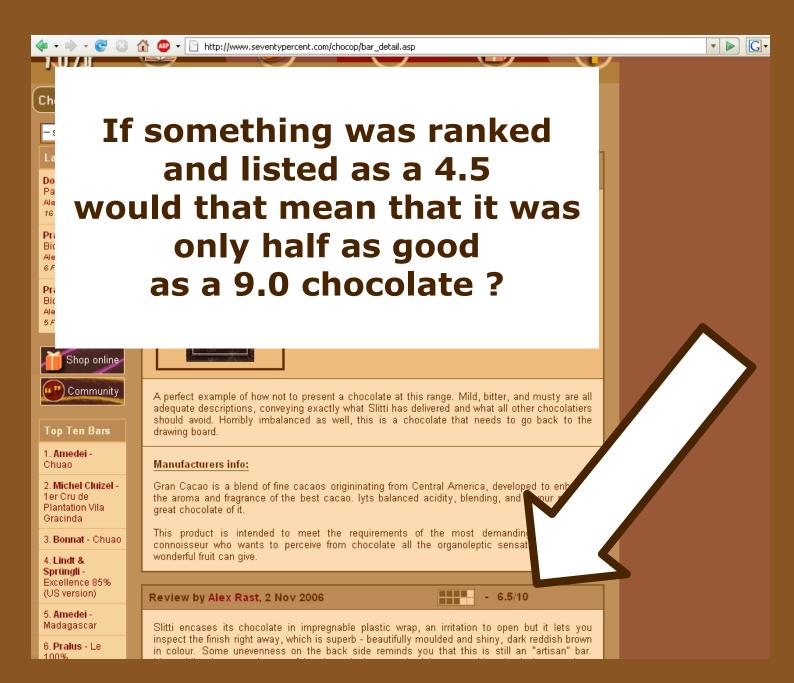
 Belgian 	70+% cacao
-----------------------------	------------

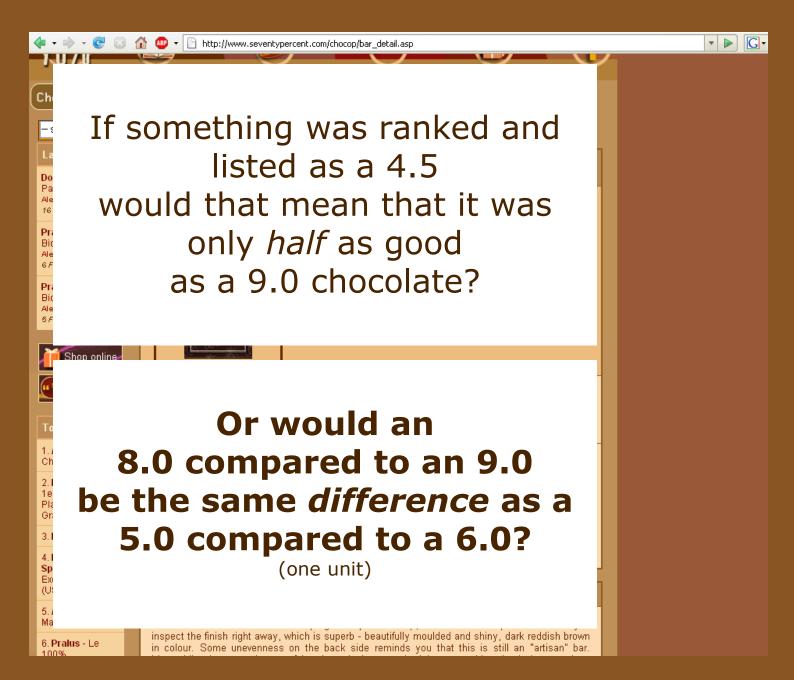
Godiva	70%	cacao
--------------------------	-----	-------

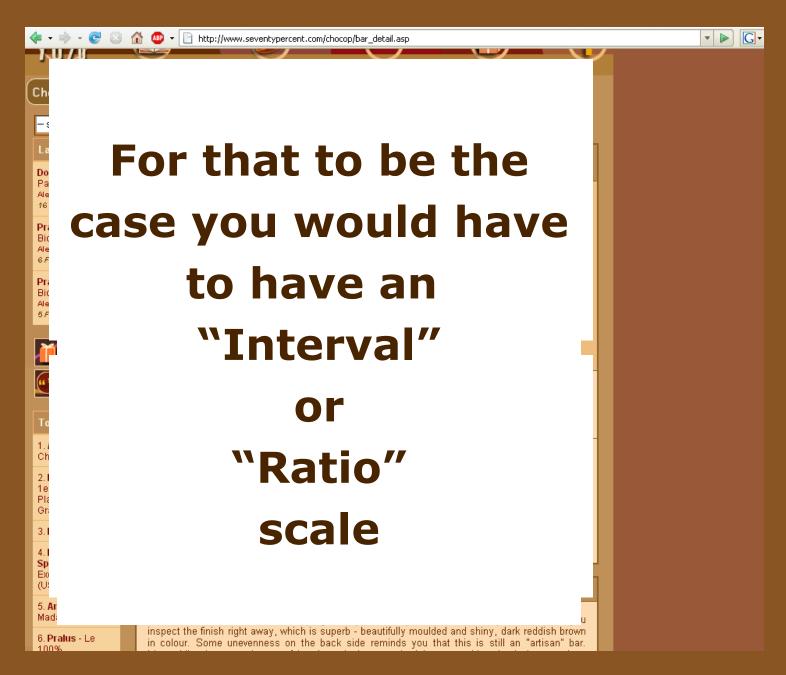












"Interval" scaling

- putting items at fixed intervals
- and their values can be rank ordered
- and the distances between the attributes are meaningful

"Interval"

scaling

- there are few interval variables that are not also ratio variables
- it is common practice in the social sciences to refer to ratio variables as interval variables

"Ratio" scaling

- there is a common unit of measurement
- and a true zero point
- allows members of the culture to transform every other dimension and compare them monetarily

"Ratio" scaling

- there is a common unit of measurement
- and a true zero point
- allows members of the culture to transform every other dimension and compare them monetarily

"Ratio" scaling

- interval variables that have a zero point
- there are few interval variables that are not also ratio variables
- it is common practice in the social sciences to refer to ratio variables as interval variables

Scaling

chocolates

• Bel	lgium	\$1.62

- Godiva \$1.08
- Ghirardelli \$.69
- Cadbury \$.41
- Whitman \$.29
- Brachs \$.28
- Hershey \$.24
- Nestle \$.23

The winner . . .





Scaling

chocolates

- Belgian
- French
- Italian
- Spanish
- German
- Swiss
- American
- British
- Venezuelan
- Ecuadorian

best

best

best

better

better

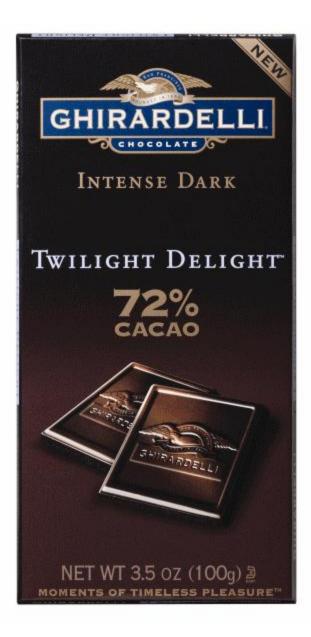
better

good

good

unknown

unknown



OUR PRODUCTS

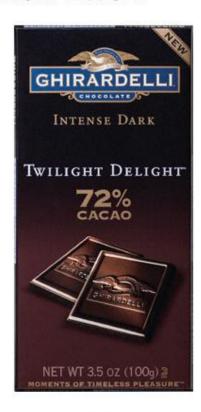
Confection & Beverages

- SQUARES™ Chocolates
- Intense Dark™
 Chocolate
- > Twilight Delight
- New! Evening Dream
- New! Midnight Reverie
- > Citrus Sunset
- > Toffee Interlude
- > Espresso Escape
- > Mint Bliss
- · Chocolate Bars
- Gifts
- · Hot Cocoa
- Seasonal Collections

Baking

Where to Buy

TWILIGHT DELIGHT



> WHERE TO BUY

Ghirardelli introduces Twilight

Delight™ with pure, decadent

72% Cacao dark chocolate. The
luxuriously deep and velvety
chocolate delivers a moment
of unrivaled chocolate
intensity.

Savor the pleasurable and relaxing finish to the day and experience a moment of timeless pleasure as the intense chocolate lingers and time stands still.

Flavor Notes: Highly aromatic, this bar has mocha, blackberry and dark cherry notes with an intense chocolate flavor and silky smooth texture. This sensuous chocolate has a long finish and a delightful, lingering flavor.

And what do the critics say?





Top Ten Bars

- 1. Amedei -Chuao
- 2. Michel
 Cluizel 1er
 Cru de
 Plantation
 Vila
 Gracinda
- 3. **Bonnat -**Chuao
- 4. Lindt & Sprüngli -Excellence 85% (US version)
- 5. **Amedei -**Madagascar
- 6. **Pralus -**Le 100%
- 7. Michel Cluizel -Hacienda 'Los Anconès'

Manufacturers info:

The luxuriously deep and velvety 72% cacao dark chocolate in Ghirardelli Twilight Delight delivers a moment of unrivaled chocolate intensity. Savor the pleasurable and relaxing finish to the day with Twilight Delight. Enjoy as the intense chocolate pleasure lingers and time stands still.

Review by Alex Rast, 12 May 2006



- 8.4/10

Ghirardelli continues to defy expectations and produce first-quality chocolate from mass-market manufacture. Here is yet another winner - one that puts Ghirardelli strongly in high company in the crowded 70%-class field, with lots of marks of distinction and some truly unusal flavours that set it apart. It's still a hair short of perfection, and perhaps this is to be expected, but it is a bar that will have you reveling in complexities and interesting twists while staying well-balanced and approachable.

Interestingly given that Ghirardelli has now been bought by Lindt, the new bars have exactly the same packaging as Lindt's Excellence bars - a commendable sealed foil inside cardboard box. The bar within this secure enclosure looks a little dark, raising the alarming prospect of lesser-quality beans, but the finish is impeccable. It has a smoothness and a sheen that are so visibly apparent that it shrieks of luxury and sophistication, even if the overall presentation raises some minor red flags.

Aroma is classic Ghirardelli - that is to say, very dark. Coffee immediately comes to the fore, complemented by cocoa, a neutral and very black smell to say the least. Some flashes of coconut here and there add a lighter, more delicate counterpoint. Hints of

Criticisms? Texture is a little lacking, for in spite of the silken finish it's not as smooth nor as creamy as some, being fairly average on that front. The flavour, for all its high points, never delivers anything really visceral - it's very pleasant yet there's not a point where one is blown away. However, would that more chocolates had this problem! It's a fine effort and almost the maximum you can expect at this production scale. What Ghirardelli is doing is in fact one of the most commendable things of all: bringing truly fine chocolate into the living rooms (and mouths) of ordinary Americans.

Add your own review in our forum.

SCORE		
Aroma:	8	(/10 - weight: 10/100)
Look:	8	(/10 - weight: 5/100)
Taste:	8.5	(/10 - weight: 35/100)
Melt:	8	(/10 - weight: 5/100)
Length:	8.5	(/10 - weight: 15/100)
Opinion:	8.5	(/10 - weight: 30/100)
Total:	8.4	(/10 - weighted Total)

Have a go at a taste test and see what you think . . . but try the "Italian" chocolate first

Of course, one could ask

What is "Italian"

- Country of origin of the finished product?
- Chocolate style/recipe?
- Country of corporate owner?
- Location of factory/division of the company?
- Country of origin of the key raw materials?
- Does globalization matter?

Ghirardelli Chocolate Company

From Wikipedia, the free encyclopedia (Redirected from Ghirardelli)

The **Ghirardelli Chocolate Company** is a United States division of Swiss candy-maker Lindt & Sprüngli. The company was founded by Italian chocolatier Domingo Ghirardelli.

Contents [hide]

- 1 From Italy to South America
- 2 The move to California
- 3 Flavors
- 4 External links
- 5 References



The Ghirardelli sign in ^E
San Francisco

From Italy to South America

edit

In 1817, Domenico Ghirardelli was born in Rapallo, Italy (near Genoa) to an exotic foods importer and his young wife. At a young age, Domenco was introduced to the chocolate and confectionary trade when he apprenticed for a local candy maker. At the age of 20, Ghirardelli married his first wife, and set sail to Uruguay to partake in the South American chocolate trade. Here, he took a job in a "coffee and chocolate establishment."

A year later, attracted by opportunities in Lima, Ghirardelli sailed around Cape Horn to Peru. Fatefully, Ghirardelli opened a confectionery store next to a cabinet shop owned by an American, James Lick. Enticed by the stories of prosperity in North America, in 1847 Lick left for San Francisco, taking 600 pounds of neighbor Ghirardelli's Chocolate

And anyway,

Xocolatl

(the original "choco-atl")
is really
Nahuatl (Aztec)

[but they just drank it as a liquid (-atl)]

Chocolate

Chocolate \Choc'o*late\, noun. [Spanish expression, from the Mexican name of the cacao. Compare to Cacao, Cocoa.] -- Webster's Online Dictionary



Chocolate is created from the cocoa bean. A cacao tree with fruit pods in various stages of ripening.

Wikipedia

Google Search: Society > Food > Confectionery > Chocolate



Scientists believe the first cacao beverages were sipped from vessels like this one, which was found in northern Honduras.

New analyses of similar pottery fragments suggest people have been enjoying chocolate for more than 3,000 years—about 500 years earlier than previously believed

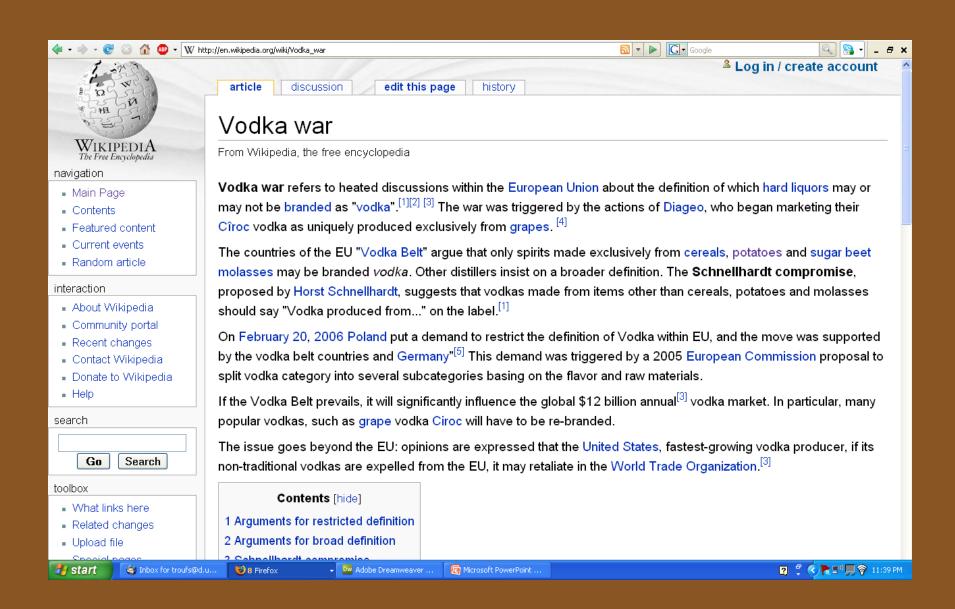
What's Next In EU Wars?

Coming Attraction?

European Union

"Vodka Wars"

November 2006 - ?



The countries of the EU "Vodka Belt" argue that only spirits made exclusively from cereals, potatoes and sugar beet molasses may be branded *vodka*. Other distillers insist on a broader definition. The **Schnellhardt compromise**, proposed by Horst Schnellhardt, suggests that vodkas made from items other than cereals, potatoes and molasses should say "Vodka produced from..." on the label.^[1]

On February 20, 2006 Poland put a demand to restrict the definition of Vodka within EU and the many and a demand to restrict the definition of Vodka

Germany

proposal

and raw

If the Vocannual^[3]

Ciroc wil

Does this labeling

"compromise"

sound familiar?

The issu

fastest-g

the EU, it may retaliate in the World Trade Organization.^[3]

ion

ne flavor

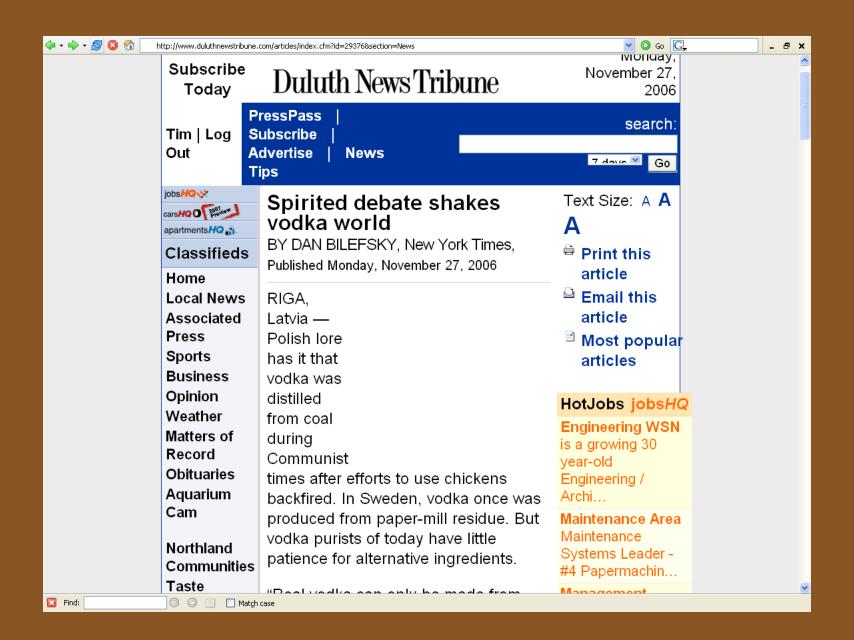
lion

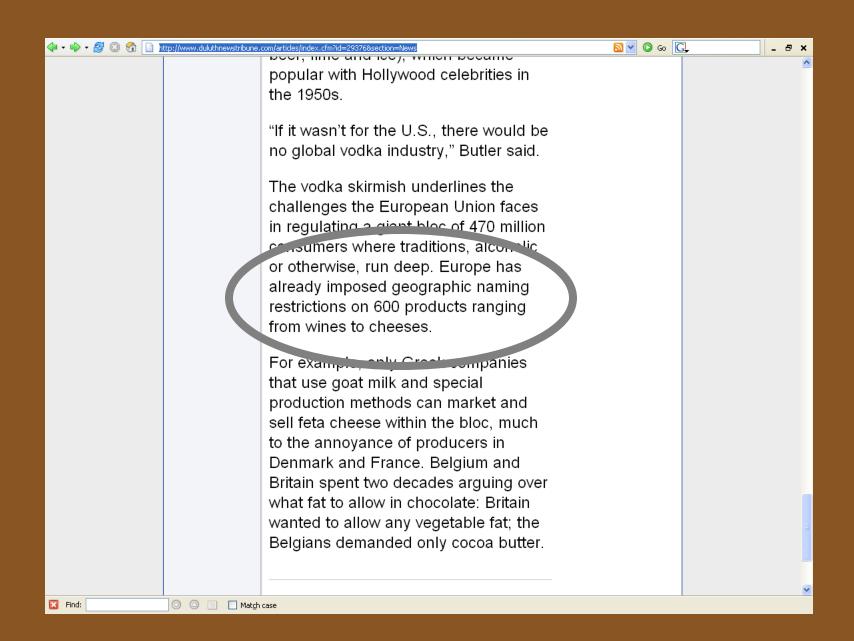
ape vodka

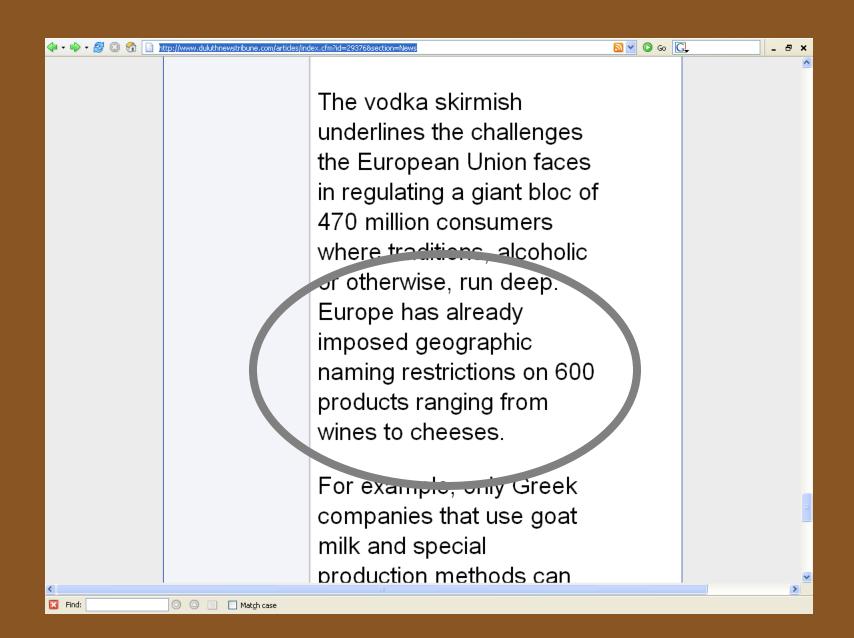
States,

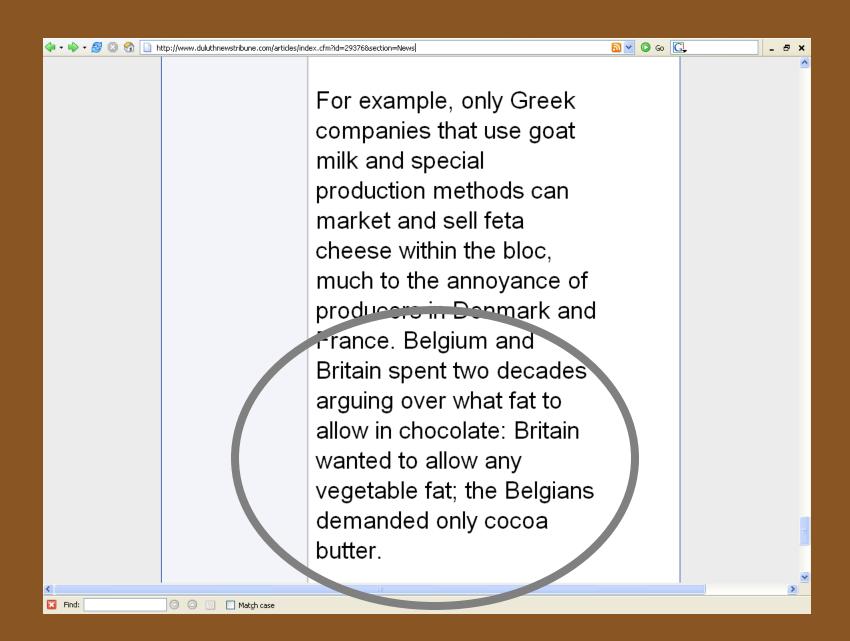
d from













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Page last updated at 07:46 GMT, Monday, 31 March 2008 08:46 UK

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Pernod Ricard wins Absolut race

French alcohol giant Pernod Ricard is to buy Vin & Sprit, maker of Absolut vodka, from the Swedish government.

The 55bn kronor (\$9.24bn; £4.6bn) deal follows months of speculation over who would buy the state-owned firm and the world's second largest vodka label.



Absolut is the world's fourth-largest selling spirit.

The government, which is selling the label as part of privatisation push - said that Absolut would stay in Sweden.

Diageo was a contender, but last month agreed to form a joint venture with the makers of Dutch vodka brand Ketel One.

Another potential suitor had been Bacardi, which got a foothold in the premium vodka market in 2004, buying the Grey Goose label.

'World leader'

With a turnover of about 1bn euros (\$1.3bn; £680m), Vin & Sprit employs 2,500 people in 10 countries.

SEE ALSO

- Diageo in \$900m Dutch vodka deal 06 Feb 08 | Business
- Swedish vodka sale prompts monopoly debate
 - 17 Oct 07 | Business
- Top drinks firms eyeing Absolut
 09 Mar 07 | Business
- Bacardi 'eyes Absolut Vodka bid'
 05 Mar 07 | Business

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