

1. (a) separable, linear  
(b) separable but not linear
2. (a)  $y(x) = \frac{3}{4}x^2 + \frac{5}{4}$   
(b)  $P(s) = 4e^{\frac{3}{2}s}$   
(c)  $x(t) = te^{-t^3} + Ce^{-t^3}$   
(d)  $-y^{-1} = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^2}{2} + x + C = \frac{x^3}{3}$  (implicit solution)
3. (a)  $\dot{W} = -2W$   
(b) i.  $W(t) = Ce^{-2t}$   
ii.  $T(t) = 70 - \frac{C}{2}e^{-2t}$  ( $\frac{C}{2}$  could be replaced with just  $C$ .)
4. Sketch not provided. (All solutions should approach the line  $y = \frac{x}{4} - \frac{1}{2}$  as time increases.)
5.  $\phi(1.1) = -0.8, \phi(1.2) = -0.599$
6.  $m = -\frac{1}{3}$  OR  $A = 0$ .
7. Sketch not provided.  $P(0)$  must be greater than 1 in order for the population to survive.
8. Let  $M(t)$  be the number of mathematicians alive at time  $t$ .

$$\dot{M} = k_1M - k_2M^3 - 100$$

$k_1$  and  $k_2$  are both positive constants.