(1) Approximate y(1) if $y' = x^2 + y^2$ and y(0) = 1 using Euler's method with 4 steps. Compare that approximation to that given by the improved Euler method with 2 steps, and the Runge-Kutta method using 1 step. Which is the best approximation?

(2) Solve the initial value problem $\frac{dy}{dx} = 3\frac{y}{x} - 3 x^5$, y(2) = 56.