(1) Approximate $y(1)$ if $y^{\prime}=x^{2}+y^{2}$ and $y(0)=1$ using Euler's method with 4 steps. Compare that approximation to that given by the improved Euler method with 2 steps, and the Runge-Kutta method using 1 step. Which is the best approximation?
(2) Solve the initial value problem $\frac{d y}{d x}=3 \frac{y}{x}-3 x^{5}, y(2)=56$.

