HOMEWORK 7, DUE WEDNESDAY, MARCH 16TH

(1) Compute the integral  $\int \int_{R} (x+y) \, dA$  where R is the region bounded by  $y = \sqrt{x}$  and  $y = x^2$ .

Reverse the order of integration of the following two double integrals after sketching the region of integration. Note that you are **not** required to evaluate the resulting integral.

(2) 
$$\int_{0}^{4} \int_{-\sqrt{16-y^{2}}}^{\sqrt{16-y^{2}}} f(x,y) \, dx \, dy$$
 (3)  $\int_{0}^{1} \int_{2x}^{2} f(x,y) \, dy \, dx$ 

- (4) Sketch the region of integration of the polar integral  $\int_0^{\pi/2} \int_0^{4\cos(\theta)} r \, dr \, d\theta$ , and then compute its value.
- (5) Compute the volume of the solid bounded by the paraboloid  $z = 10 3x^2 3y^2$  and the plane z = 4 by using polar coordinates.
- (6) Compute the following sum of integrals by sketching the total region of integration and then switching to polar coordinates:

$$\int_{1/\sqrt{2}}^{1} \int_{\sqrt{1-x^2}}^{x} xy \, dy \, dx + \int_{1}^{\sqrt{2}} \int_{0}^{x} xy \, dy \, dx + \int_{\sqrt{2}}^{2} \int_{0}^{\sqrt{4-x^2}} xy \, dy \, dx.$$

- (7) Find the center of mass of a lamina with density  $\rho = cxy$ , if the lamina is the rectangle  $[0, a] \times [0, b]$ , where a, b, and c are all positive constants.
- (8) Consider a lamina which is a quarter of the unit disk, that is  $x^2 + y^2 \le 1$  with  $x \ge 0$ ,  $y \ge 0$ , and whose density is proportional to the distance from the y-axis. Find the center of mass.
- (9) Find the moments of inertia  $(I_x, I_y, \text{ and } I_0)$  of a lamina with density  $\rho(x, y) = y$  on the region bounded by  $y = e^x$ , y = 0, x = 0, and x = 1.
- (10) Compute the value of the triple integral  $\int_0^1 \int_0^y \int_0^{x+y} 12xy \ dz \ dx \ dy.$

(11) Compute the value of the triple integral  $\int_0^2 \int_y^{2y} \int_0^x 2xyz \, dz \, dx \, dy$ .

- (12) Compute the integral  $\int \int \int_{\Omega} x \, dV$  where  $\Omega$  is the region  $x \le 4, x \ge 4y^2 + 4z^2$ .
- (13) Find the center of mass of the solid bounded by the planes x = 0, z = 0, x + z = 1, and the parabolic cylinder  $z = 1 y^2$  with density  $\rho(x, y, z) = 4$ . A picture of the boundaries of this solid is shown below.

