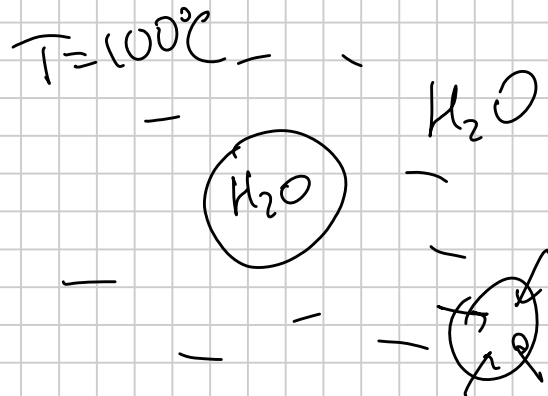
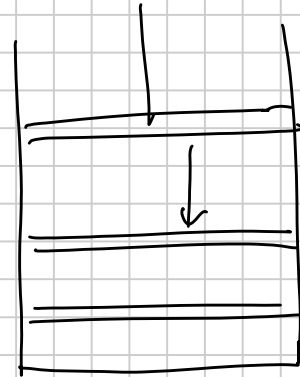


# Phase transitions

Note Title

12/12/2011



2.27 kg of  $\text{CO}_2$   
 $V \approx 5 \text{ L}$

$$M = 44 \frac{\text{g}}{\text{mol}}$$

$$T = 300 \text{ K}$$

$$n = \frac{2.27 \text{ kg}}{0.044 \frac{\text{kg}}{\text{mol}}} = 51.2 \text{ mol}$$

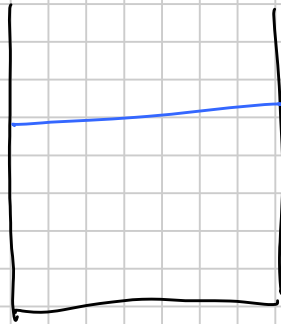
$$PV = nRT$$

$$P = \frac{nRT}{V} = \frac{51.2 \cdot 8.31 \cdot 300}{0.005} = 25.5 \cdot 10^6 \text{ Pa}$$

$$1 \text{ atm} \approx 100 \text{ kPa} = 10^5 \text{ Pa}$$

$$P = \underline{\underline{255 \text{ atm}}}$$

EX:

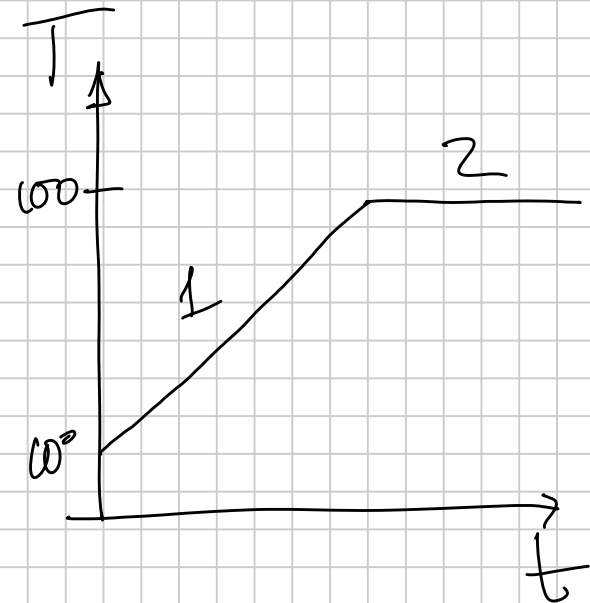


$$T_1 = 10^\circ\text{C} \xrightarrow{10 \text{ min}} 100^\circ\text{C}$$

time to evaporate?

$$c = 4187 \frac{\text{J}}{\text{kg} \cdot \text{K}}$$

$$L_v = 2256 \frac{\text{kJ}}{\text{kg}}$$



$$\frac{Q}{t}$$

$$\frac{Q_1}{t_1} = \frac{cm\Delta T}{t_1}$$

90°C  
"

$$\frac{Q_2}{t_2} = \frac{mL_v}{t_2}$$

$$\frac{Q_1}{t_1} = \frac{Q_2}{t_2} \Rightarrow \frac{c \rho \Delta T}{t_1} = \frac{\rho L_v}{t_2}$$

$$t_2 = \frac{L_v \cdot t_1}{c \Delta T} = \frac{2256 \cdot 10^3 \cdot 10 \cdot 60}{4187 \cdot 90} = 3.6 \cdot 10^3 \text{ s}$$

$$= 3600 \text{ s} = 1 \text{ h}$$