GLAUCOUS - WHITISH SURFACE THAT RUBS OFF GLABROUS - WITHOUT HAIRS PUBESCENT - WITH HAIRS - SHORT, SOFT & DOWN - LIKE FASICLE - BUNDLE OR CLUSTER

Spermatophytes

Flowering Plants

Gymnospermae

Gymnosperms

Pinales

Pine Order

Pináceae-Pine Family

Resinous trees or shrubs; leaves needle-like or scale-like, usually evergreen; flowers monoecious or dioecious, cone-like; staminate of an elongated axis bearing numerous scale-like or peltate stamens; the pistillate flower of an axis bearing scales in a single or double series, the fertile scales bearing 1-many (usually 2) naked ovules; fruit usually a cone with hard dry scales, cccasionally berry-like, the scales becoming fleshy.

Pícea—Spruce

(L pices, pitch pine)

Evergreen trees; leaves needle-like, usually four-cornered in cross-section, sharp-pointed; cones pendulous with persistent scales.

I. Leaves glaucous

2. Leaves green

a. Cones over 8 cm. long.

b. Cones less than 8 cm. long

(1) Twigs glabrous and glaucous; leaves light-green

(2) Twigs pubescent; leaves dark green

P. parryána; blue spruce

P. excélsa; Norway spruce

P. canadénsis; white spruce P. mariána; black spruce

Pseudotsúga—Douglas Spruce (Gr. pseudes, false, Jap. tsuga, hemlock)

Evergreen trees; leaves needle-like, flat in cross-section, soft and blunt; cones pendulous with persistent scales and conspicuous three-pointed bracts. P. taxifólia; Douglas spruce A single species

Abies-Balsam Fir

(L. abies, silver fir)

Evergreen trees; leaves needle-like, flat in cross-section, firm and blunt; cones erect, scales falling away from the persistent axis. Trees with fragrant leaves and balsam-bearing bark.

A. balsámea; balsam fir

Lárix-Larch, Tamarack

(L. larix, larch tree)

Deciduous trees; leaves needle-like, very many in each fascicle, soft, bright-yellow in the fall; cones erect or ascending, w. \persistent scales.

1. Cones 1-2 cm. long; native swamp tree

L. americána; tamarack

L. europaéa; larch

2. Cones 3-5 cm. long; cultivated

(L. pinus, pine tree)

Evergreen trees; leaves needle-like, in fascicles of 2-5; cones ascending to pendulous, with persistent scales.

Pínus—Pine

1. Leaves five in each fascicle

P. strobus; white pine

2. Leaves two in each fascicle

a. Leaves 10-15 cm. long, thick

(1) Leaf sheath long; native

(2) Leaf sheath short, leaf sharp-pointed; cult.

P. resinósa; Norway pine P. austriaca; Austrian pine

b. Leaves 3-8 cm. long, flat

(1) Erect trees

a. Leaves not rigid, twisted, 3-7 cm. long; cultivated

b. Leaves rigid, straight, 2-4 cm. long; native

(2) Dwarf tree or shrub; cultivated

P. silvéstris; Scotch pine

P. divaricáta; jack pine

P. montána mughus; mugho pine

Thúja-White Cedar, Arbor-Vitae

(Gr. thyia, arbor vitae)

Evergreen trees or shrubs; leaves scale-like, small, in opposite pairs, twigs flattened; cones very small, with a few persistent scales.

Swamp tree with flat twigs and scale-like fragrant leaves

T. occidentális

Sabina-Red Cedar, Savin

(L. sabina, a kind of juniper)

Evergreen trees or shrubs; leaves scale-like, or needle-like, opposite; cones fleshy, berry-like, blue.

1. Tree or tall shrub

S. virginiána; red cedar

2. Depressed or creeping glaucous shrub

S. sabina; savin

Juniperus—Juniper (L. juniperus, juniper tree)

Evergreen shrubs; leaves awl-shaped in whorls of 3; cones berry-like, blue. Shrub with awl-shaped leaves in whorls of 3, blue berries

J. communis

J. communis COMMON JUNIPER

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Taxáceae—Yew Family

Evergreen shrubs or trees; flowers dioecious or monoecious, staminate flowers cone-like, consisting of an axis bearing stamens, pistillate flowers not cone-like, much reduced, the ovules commonly solitary and exposed; seeds exposed, with a fleshy outer integument.

Táxus—Yew

(L. taxus, yew tree)

Low evergreen shrub, fruit a red berry

RAMADIAN YEW