## Stat 3611 Quiz 3 NAME:

1. A construction company employs two sales engineers. Engineer 1 does the work of estimating cost for 70% of jobs bid by the company. Engineer 2 does the work of estimating cost for 30% of jobs bid by the company. It is known that the error rate for engineer 1 is 0.02, for engineer 2 is 0.04. Suppose a bid arrives and a serious error occurs in estimating cost. Which engineer is more likely did the work?

$$E_{1} - eAgrineer (does He work)$$

$$E_{2} - \cdots 2 does = \cdots$$

$$P(E_{1}) = 0.7 \cdot P(E_{2} = 0.3) \cdot P(A | E_{1}) = 0.02 \cdot P(A | E_{2}) = 0.04$$

$$P(E_{1} | A) = \frac{(0.7)(0.02)}{(0.7)\cdot(0.02) + (0.3)(0.04)}$$

$$P(E_{1} | A) = \frac{(0.3)(0.04)}{(0.7)(0.02) + (0.3)\cdot(0.04)} \implies P(E_{1} | A) > P(E_{2} | A)$$

$$P(E_{1} | A) = \frac{(0.3)(0.04)}{(0.7)(0.02) + (0.3)\cdot(0.04)}$$

$$P(E_{1} | A) = \frac{(0.3)(0.04)}{(0.7)(0.02) + (0.3)\cdot(0.04)}$$

$$P(E_{1} | A) = P(E_{2} | A)$$

number of kings selected and Y the number of jacks.

- (a) Find the joint probability distribution of X and Y.
- (b) Find marginal density function for X and Y.  $\frac{2}{\sqrt{2}}$   $p(\chi=x, \gamma=y) = \frac{\binom{4}{x}\binom{4}{y}\binom{4}{(x-y)}}{\binom{12}{(x-y)}} = \frac{\binom{4}{x}\binom{4}{y}\binom{4}{(x-y)}}{\frac{12}{(x-y)}}$

$$\frac{1}{9} \frac{1}{12} \frac{$$

3. (a) Find P[(X,Y) ∈ A] where A is the region given by x + y ≥ 2 in the last problem.
(b) Find P(X = 1 | Y = 1).

(a) 
$$P(X+Y \ge 2) = (-P(X+Y \le 2) = 1 - P(0,0) - P(0,1))$$
  
 $-P(1,0) = \frac{168}{210}$   
(b)  $P(X=1(Y=1)) = \frac{F(1,1)}{h(1)} = \frac{64}{220} = \frac{64}{112} = \frac{4}{7}$ 

4. Let X and Y denote the lenths of life, in years, of two components in an electronic system. If the joint density function of these variables is

$$f(x,y) = \begin{cases} e^{-x}e^{-y}, & x > 0, y > 0\\ 0, & \text{elsewhere} \end{cases}$$

(a) find marginal density for X and Y.  
(b) find 
$$P(0 < X < 1 | 0 < Y < 2)$$
  
 $g(x) = \int_{0}^{\infty} \frac{-x}{2} e^{-y} dy = -e^{-x}$   
 $h(y) = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dx = -e^{-y}$   
 $h(y) = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dx = -e^{-y}$   
 $h(y) = \int_{0}^{\infty} e^{-x} e^{-y} dx = -e^{-y}$   
 $f(0 < x < 1)$   
 $e^{-x} e^{-y} e^{-y} dx = -e^{-y}$   
 $f(0 < x < 1)$   
 $p(0 < x < 1)$   
 $p(0 < y < z)$   
 $p(0 < y < z)$   
 $f(0 < y < z)$ 

SCORE:

2