

1. (a) Both separable and linear  
(b) separable but not linear
2. 3
3. (a)  $y(x) = \frac{3}{2}x^2 + \frac{1}{2}$   
(b)  $P(s) = 4e^{-5s}$   
(c)  $x(t) = te^{-t^3} + Ce^{-t^3}$   
(d)  $\frac{y^{-2}}{-2} = \frac{x^4}{4} + \frac{x^3}{3} + x + C$  (implicit solution)
4. (a)  $\dot{W} = -10W$   
(b) i.  $W(t) = Ce^{-10t}$   
ii.  $T(t) = 70 - Ce^{-10t}$  ( $C$  could also be replaced with  $C/10$ .)
5. Sketch not provided. (All solutions should be parabolas  $x^2 + C$ .)
6.  $\phi(1.1) = -1, \phi(1.2) = -0.99$
7.  $m = -\frac{1}{3}$  OR  $A = 0$ .
8. Sketch not provided. Phase line should include dots at equilibria:  $P = 0, 1, 3$ , and arrows inbetween equilibria.  $P(0)$  must be greater than 1 in order for the population to survive. In this case, the population approaches 3. Otherwise, the population dies out.
9. Let  $M(t)$  be the number of mathematicians alive at time  $t$ .

$$\dot{M} = k_1M - k_2M^2 - 100, M(0) = 10,000$$

$k_1$  and  $k_2$  are both positive constants.