

Key

Chemistry 2541, Fall 2015

Midterm Exam 3

(100 points)

Important notes:

- Please use the provided Scantron form for your answers; you can keep the sheet with the questions and can use it as scratch paper
- Do not forget to write your name on the Scantron form
- You will not receive credit for unmarked answers or for more than one mark on answer line
- Your scores will be posted on eGradebook; graded Scantron forms will not be returned to students.

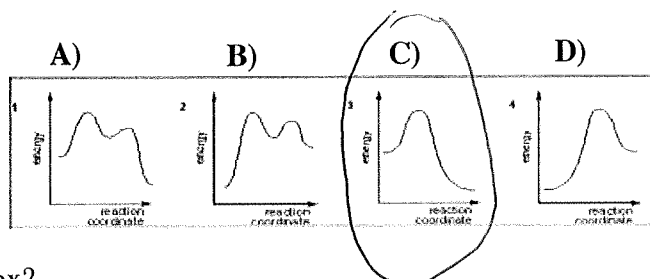
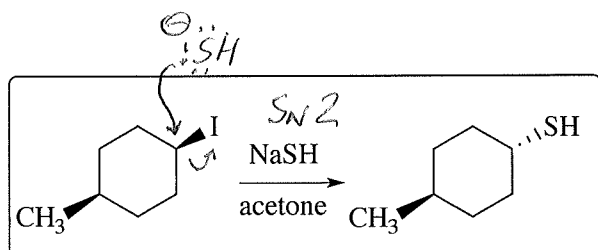
Questions 1-28 (84 pts): Please mark the appropriate box on the front of the Scantron form (3 pts each).

1. What is the common name of **3-chloropropene**?

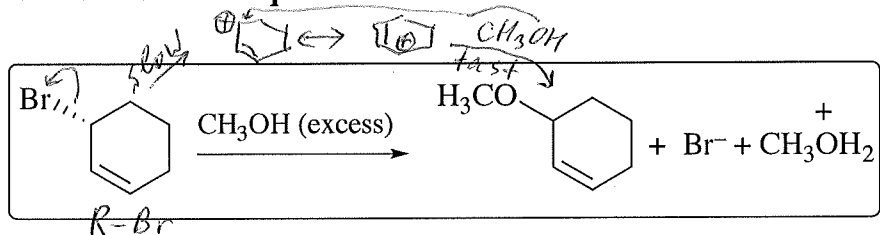


- A) propenyl chloride **B) allyl chloride** C) vinyl chloride D) methylene chloride

2. What is the **energy diagram** for the reaction in the box:

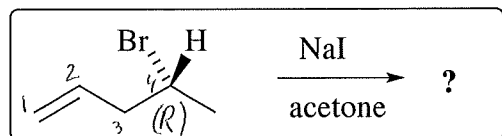


3. What is the **rate equation** for the reaction in the box?



- A) Rate = $k [\text{RBr}] [\text{CH}_3\text{OH}]$
B) Rate = $k [\text{RBr}]$ 1st order
 C) Rate = $k [\text{RBr}] [\text{Br}^-]$
 D) Rate = $k [\text{CH}_3\text{OH}]$

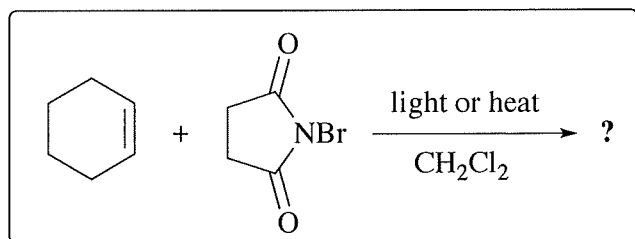
4. What is the IUPAC name of the major **product** for the reaction shown in the box?



- A) (S)-2-iodopentane B) (R)-2-iodopentane
C) (S)-4-iodo-1-pentene D) (R)-4-iodo-1-pentene

SN2 - inversion

5. What is the IUPAC name of the major **product** for the reaction shown in the box?

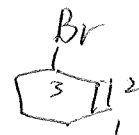


A) 1-bromocyclohexene

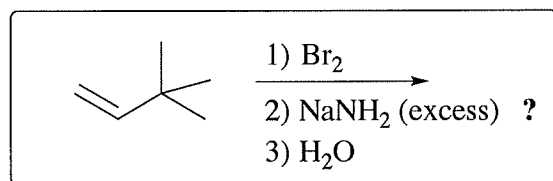
B) 2-bromocyclohexene

C) 3-bromocyclohexene

D) bromocyclohexane



6. What is the IUPAC name of the major **product** for the reaction shown in the box?

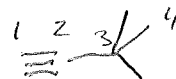


A) 3,3-dimethyl-1-butyne

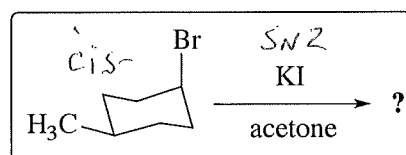
B) 4,4-dimethyl-2-pentyne

C) 4,4-dimethyl-1-pentyne

D) 3,3-dimethyl-1-pentyne



7. What is the IUPAC name of the major **product** for the reaction shown in the box?

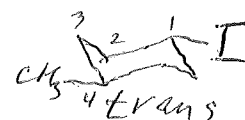


A) *cis*-1-iodo-4-methylcyclohexane

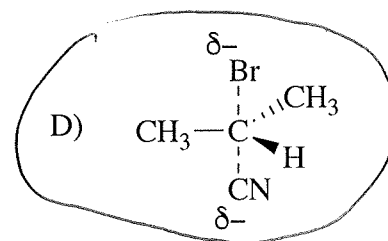
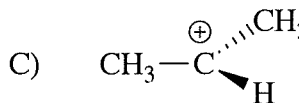
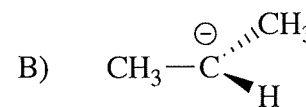
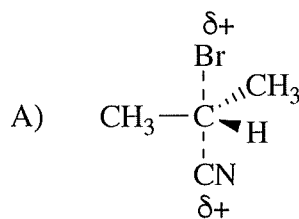
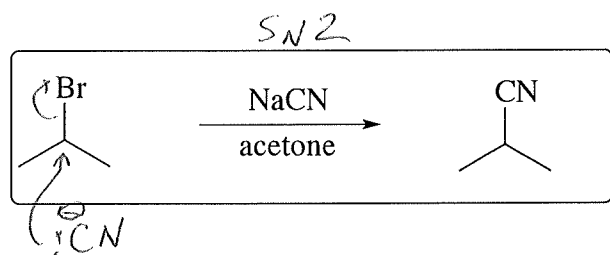
B) *trans*-1-iodo-4-methylcyclohexane

C) *cis*-4-bromo-1-methylcyclohexane

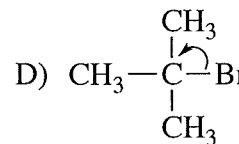
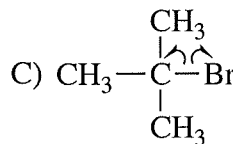
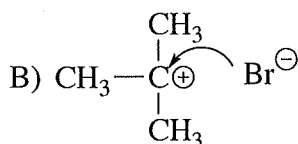
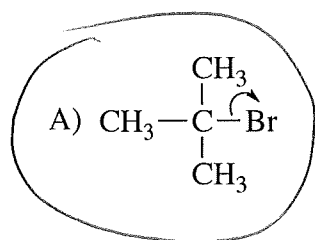
D) *trans*-4-bromo-1-methylcyclohexane



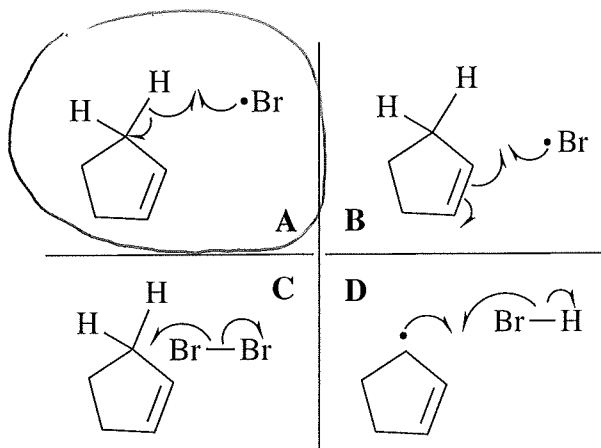
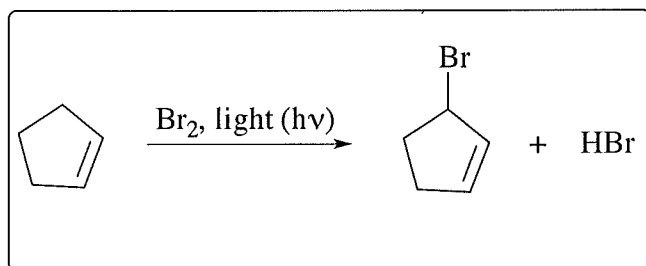
8. Which structure best represents the **transition state** for the reaction in the box?



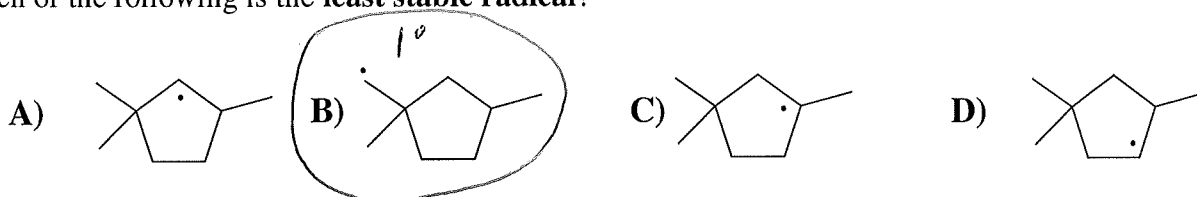
9. Which best describes the rate-limiting step in the S_N1 mechanism?



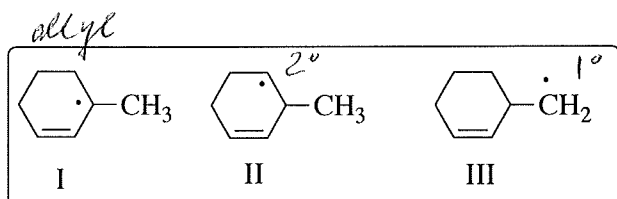
10. Which one of the following four schemes (A-D) represents a **step** in the **mechanism** of the reaction in the box?



11. Which of the following is the **least stable radical**?

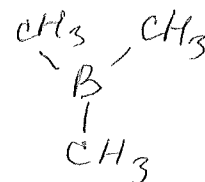
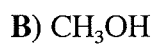
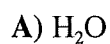


12. Arrange the **radicals** shown in the box in order of increasing stability.

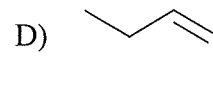
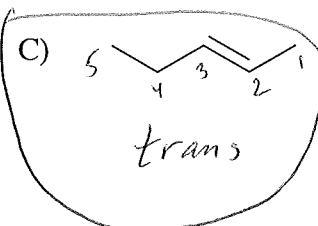
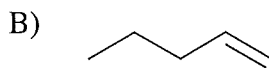
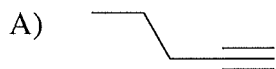
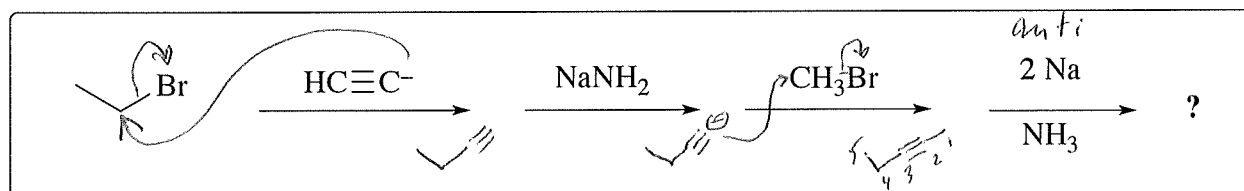


- A) (least stable) I < III < II B) (least stable) II < I < III
C) (least stable) III < I < II D) (least stable) III < II < I

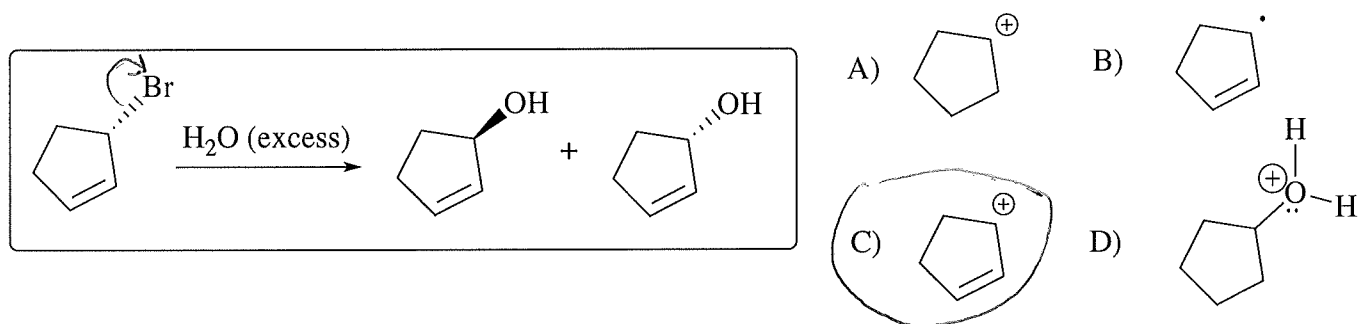
13. Which of the following compounds is **not a nucleophile**?



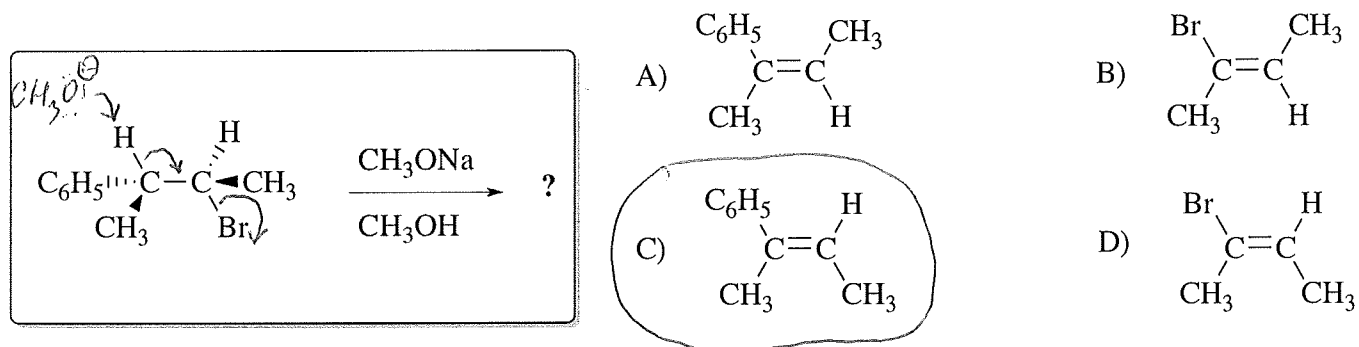
14. What is the main **product** of the reaction sequence shown in the box?



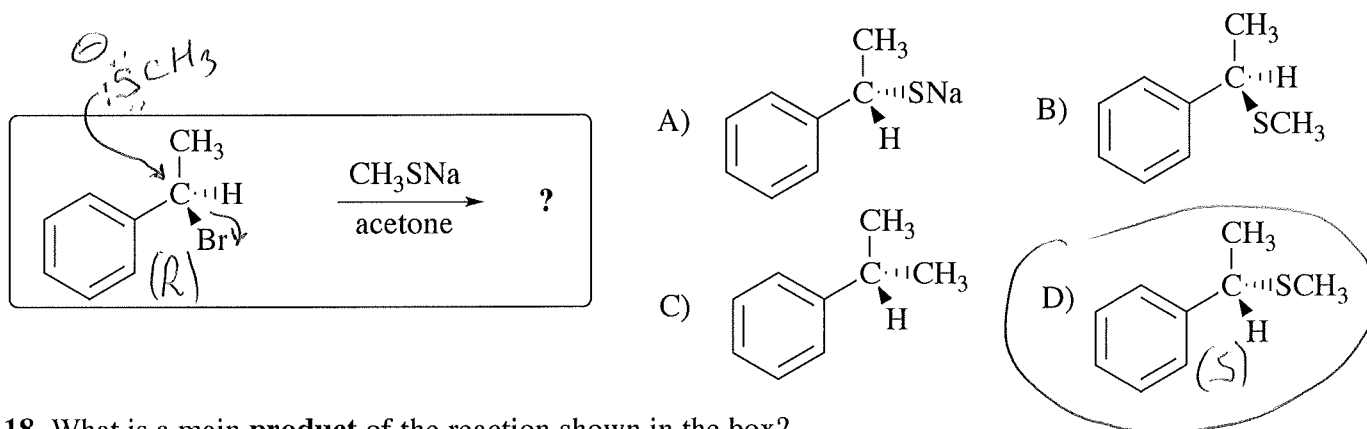
15. What is the structure of an **intermediate** in the reaction shown in the box?



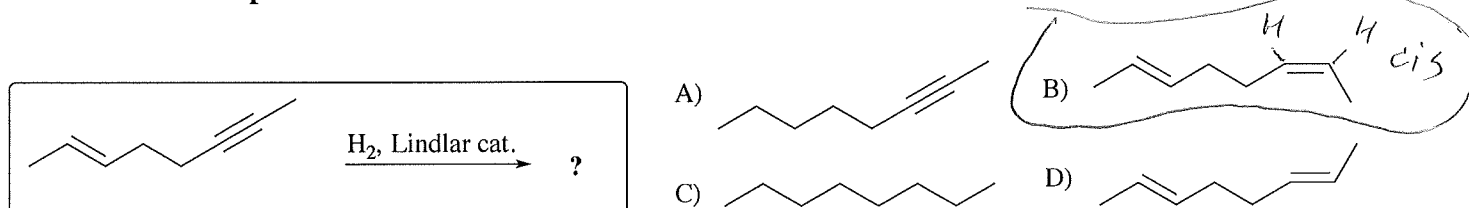
16. What is the main **product** of the **E2-elimination** reaction shown in the box?



17. What is the main **product** of the reaction shown in the box?



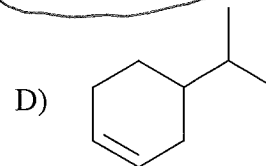
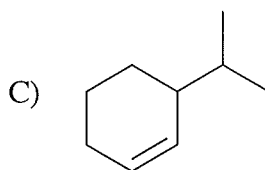
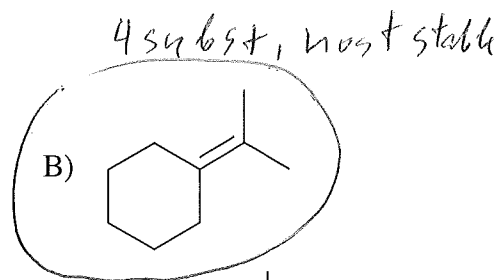
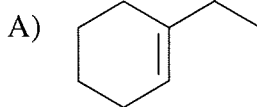
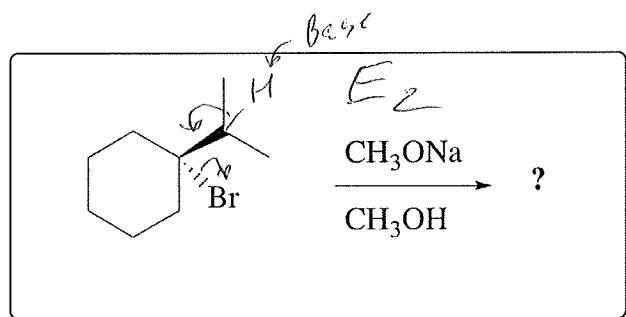
18. What is a main **product** of the reaction shown in the box?



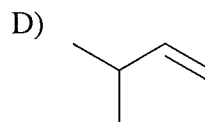
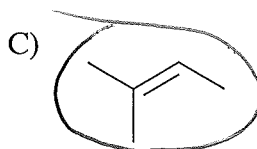
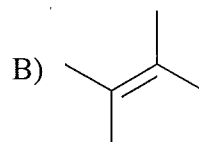
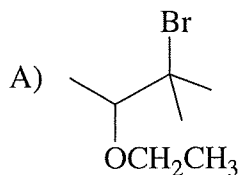
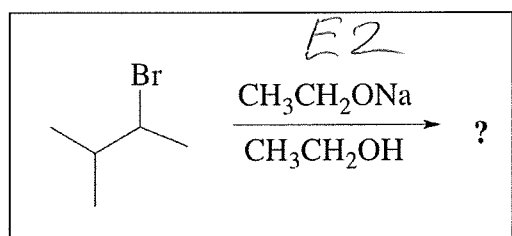
19. Which one of the following compounds has the **best leaving group**?

- A) cyclohexanol B) bromocyclohexane C) chlorocyclohexane D) fluorocyclohexane

20. What is the main **product** of the reaction shown in the box?



21. What is the main **product** of the reaction shown in the box?



22. Which of the following bromoalkanes reacts the **fastest** with sodium cyanide, NaCN , in **acetonitrile**?

- Handwritten labels above options: 1° for A, 3° for B, 2° for C, 2° for D.
- A) bromoethane (circled in blue) B) 2-bromo-2-methylbutane C) 1-bromo-3-methylcyclobutane D) bromocyclohexane

23. In which of the following **solvents** would the reaction of **1-bromobutane** with sodium azide, NaN_3 , proceed the **fastest**?

A) methylene chloride

B) methanol

C) chloroform

D) DMSO (circled in blue)

24. Which one of the following compounds is the **best** choice as a **reagent** for an **E2** reaction?

A) $t\text{-BuCl}$

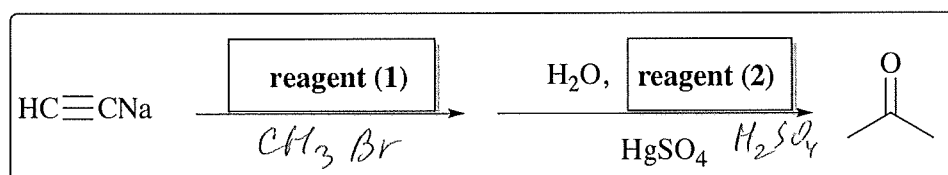
B) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{ONa}$ (circled in blue)

C) NaI

D) $\text{C}_2\text{H}_5\text{OCH}_3$

Handwritten note below B: 'base'

25. Which sequence of **reagents** can be used for the reaction shown in the box?



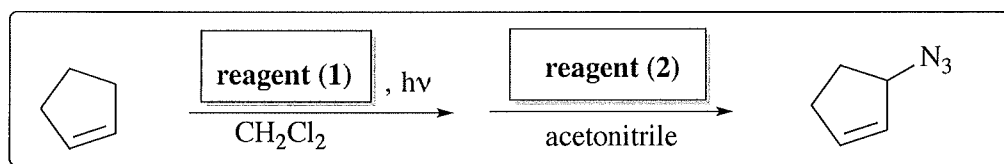
A) (1) CH_3Br , (2) $(\text{sia})_2\text{BH}$

B) (1) Na , (2) $(\text{sia})_2\text{BH}$

C) (1) NaNH_2 , (2) H_2SO_4

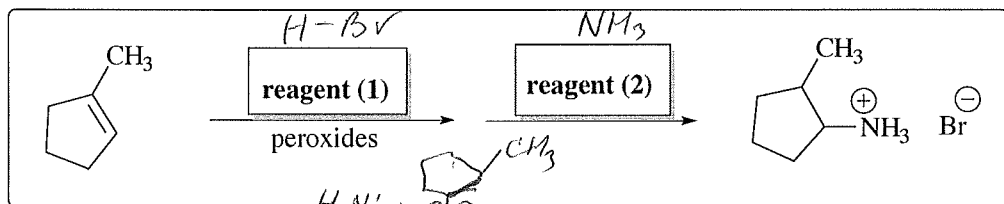
D) (1) CH_3Br , (2) H_2SO_4 (circled in blue)

26. Which sequence of **reagents** can be used for the reaction shown in the box?



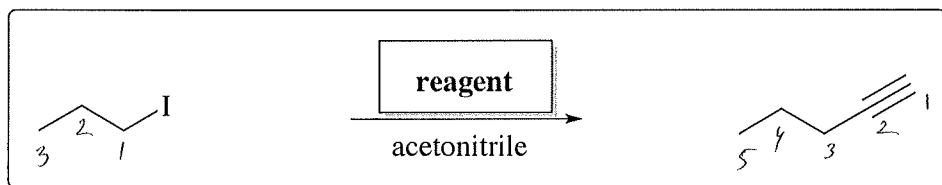
- A) (1) HBr, (2) NaN₃
 B) (1) NBS, (2) NaN₃
 C) (1) NaNH₂, (2) Br₂
 D) (1) NaNH, (2) CH₃Br

27. Which sequence of **reagents** can be used for the reaction shown in the box?



- A) (1) NBS, (2) NH₃
 B) (1) HBr, (2) CH₃NH₂
 C) (1) HBr, (2) NH₃
 D) (1) Br₂, (2) CH₃NH₂

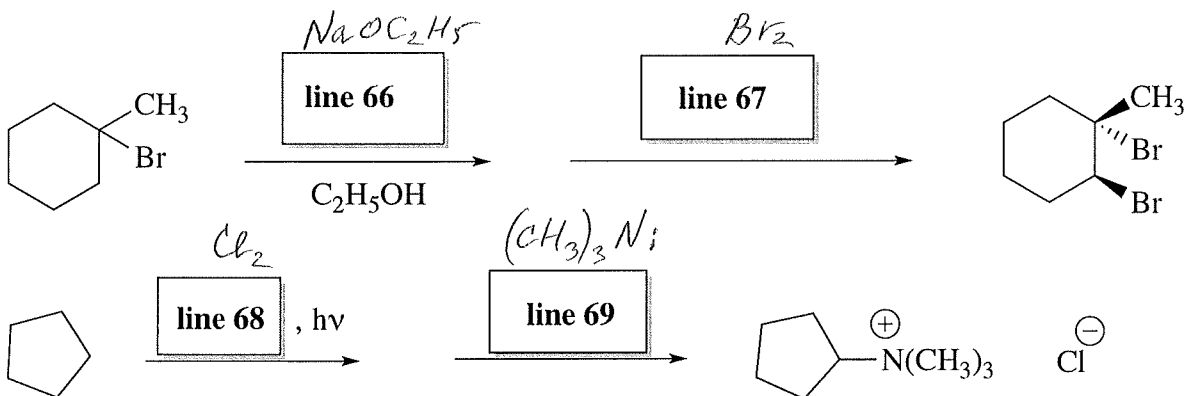
28. Which **reagent** can be used for the reaction shown in the box?



- A) NaCN B) HC≡CNa
 C) NaN₃ D) CH₃C≡CNa

Question 29: Please write your answers into the appropriate space on the back of the Scantron form

29. Provide the **reagents** that give indicated products in high yield (4 pts each):



3° amine